HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
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HUBBUCK'S COLOURS and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
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HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES Securely Packed for exportation to all Climates.
Beware of Counterfeits of Name and Trade Marks.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
M, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,505—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1895.

CALVERT'S CRESOL
DISINFECTANT & PURIFIER.
8oz. 6d., 16 oz. 1s., & 32 oz. 1s. 9d., Bottles.
1 gallon Tins, 5s. each. (English sizes.)
With full instructions for use on each package.
This fluid mixes readily with water in any proportion; it is much stronger in disinfecting power than other powdered and poisonous fluids, and less expensive. It is very effective and cheap (in solution) for destroying Ants, washing Cards, and to prevent Fly Bites on Animals.
F. C. CALVERT & Co., MANCHESTER.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Ld.
Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
NOTICE TO HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.
COMMENCING with the S.S. "CLYDE" LEAVING on the 12th October, Passengers will be conveyed to the Mail Steamers by Tender LEAVING the NEW BALLARD PIER at noon, on the day of Sailing. For Baggage arrangements see below.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.
DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
† CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	12th Oct.
B.L. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	19th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	26th "
B.M. CALEDONIA	7538	W. B. Andrews	2nd Nov.
B.V.L. CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	9th "
B.L. SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	16th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	23rd "
B.L. CARTHAGE	6280	M. De Horne	30th "
† GANGES	4376	T. F. Creery	7th Dec.
B.M. CALEDONIA	7538	W. B. Andrews	14th "
B.V.L. SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	21st "
B.L. PENINSULAR	5287	R. G. Murray	28th "
			1895.
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	4th Jan.
B.L. ORIENTAL	5284	L. H. Moule	11th "
† CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	18th "
B.M. CALEDONIA	7538	W. B. Andrews	25th "
B.V.L. GANGES	42 6	T. F. Creery	1st Feb.
B.L. COROMANDEL	4429	W. Wheeler	8th "
† CLYDE	4136	H. T. Weighell	15th "
B.L. CARTHAGE	6280	M. De Horne	22nd "
† THAMES	4119	A. Symons	29th "
B.L. SHANNON	4189	E. Crewe	7th March
B.V.L. SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	14th "
B.M. CALEDONIA	7538	W. B. Andrews	21st "
† THAMES	4113	A. Symons	28th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	5281	L. H. Moule	4th April.

The Steamers marked B.V.L. proceed direct to VENICE, taking passengers for BRINDISI and LONDON, those for the latter port transhipping to the mail steamer at Aden, and passengers for BRINDISI can either do the same or remain on board the through Venice steamer.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipping there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The "Calcutta" (marked B M) proceeds to BRINDISI and MARSEILLES. No passengers for London will be booked for these voyages.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A.M. on day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.
Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia transhipp at Colombo. Cargo steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.
For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 11th October, 1895.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.
ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassevich	4,191	750	1st Nov.
IMPERATOR	Nicolich	4419	750	1st Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 607	Rs. 325	Rs. 152

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 6th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA TERESA	V. Gherman	3,042	350	7th Nov.
MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	G de Grisogono	4,409	350	7th Dec.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

To TRIESTE Or VENICE	2nd Class.	Deck.
	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.
RETURN TICKETS
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste the St. Gothard, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,235	350	21st Oct.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras, and Colombo.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
C. ZANELLA,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Oct. 7, 1895.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY).
THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA'S Steamer "HIROSHIMA MARU," 3,170 Tons, Captain ANDERSON, will SAIL on or about the 13th October for PUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and NAGASAKI, also engaging Cargo for SHANGHAI, CHEFOO, JINSEN, FUSANGENSAN, and VLADIVOSTOCK.
For freight and further particulars apply to—
TATA & SONS, Agents,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.).
Victoria Buildings: Fort, Bombay, 30th September, 1895.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT
HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without change and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.
PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Rome, Marseilles Paris and all Inter Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
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Insurance of Personal Baggage effected.
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DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES &c., bought and supplied.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
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THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE,"
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" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta,
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—
FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 12th October, at 2 p.m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.
FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.
S.S. "AMRA," 518 tons, about the 12th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee.
S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 15th October, at 10 a.m. calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order.
FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S.S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, about the 17th October, at Noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas Lingza, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Borneh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)
FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.
S.S. "CHYEBASSA," 2,663 tons, about the 14th October, at 7 a.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.
FOR COAST AND RANGOON.
S.S. "UMBALLA," 1,911 tons, about the 15th October, calling at such Ports as may be arranged.
FOR SEYCHELLES, ZANZIBAR, AND DELAGOA BAY.
S.S. "PATNA," 1,797 tons, about the 12th October, calling at Mahe (Seychelles), Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 11th October, 1895. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.
Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.
KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

FOR SALE.
GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
FOR SALE, about 3,000 empty KEROSENE OIL CASES with 2 Tins in ea h, now lying in the Goods Shed, Victoria Terminus, where the same may be inspected on application.
Tenders, for any number, made on the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned), will be received by the Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 P.M., (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 16th instant, after which hour no offer will be taken.
Each Tender must be accompanied separately by a dep sit of Rs. 1 0 as security for du fulfilment of Contract, failure in which will entail forfeiture with t the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.
ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 9th October, 1895.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany had, unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
"South Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.
I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenges is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly.
"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. and L.M., Edinburgh.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
"IT IS 75 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis: one alone gives relief.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Tins and Bottles by all Chemists.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
TRADE THERAPION MARK.
This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Kestan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.
THERAPION No. 1 in three days only removes gonorrhœa, gleet, and all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.
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THERAPION No. 3 for nervous debility, relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.
THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and carefully observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery
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of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.
ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—TEE, LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England

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A most perfect Piano Seat, possesses the important advantages of 5 in. elevation, absolute steadiness and quick rise by a few Turns of either Handle; strong metal mechanism in
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Raised and elegant exterior, SPECIALLY BUILT for the CLIMATE OF INDIA, solid metal frames, beautifully sweet and powerful in tone: full Compass. Height 4 ft. 1 in., Width 4 ft. 11 in. Depth 2 ft. 1 in.
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FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
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And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
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High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
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All Orders are executed the same day as received.
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It is the Company that grants Assurance at English rates in India by a special system.
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GUNS, HAMMERLESS.	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
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Do. do. Superior finish	290 0	323 0
Do. do. 12-bore, double grip action, rebounding locks, left barrel choke, engraved, &c.	136 0	152 0
Do. do. superior	178 0	198 0
Do. do. Extra superior quality and finish	200 0	223 0
Do. do. 16-bore	235 0	262 0
Do. do. 20-bore	178 0	198 0
MUZZLE-LOADING, Single Barrel	40 0	48 0
Do. Double Barrel	63 0	70 0
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EXPRESS AND OTHER RIFLES— D.-B. B.-L. C.-F. Express Rifle, 500 bore	420 0	467 0
Do. do. 450 bore	420 0	467 0

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S.-B. B.-L. C.-F. Sporting Rifle, 500 bore, Martini-Henry action, pistol hand stock	210 0	234 0
COLT'S LIGHTNING MAGAZINE EXPRESS RIFLE (10 shots), 500 bore	104 0	116 0
COLT'S NEW LIGHTNING MAGAZINE RIFLES, 22 calibre	90 0	100 0
SALOON RIFLES— No. 1 fires Bulleted Breech Caps No. 1	43 0	48 0
No. 3 fires Bulleted Breech Caps, No. 3	55 0	61 8
S.-B. B.-L. ROOK RIFLE, 220 bore, side lever, superior pistol hand	105 0	117 0
S.-B. B.-L. ROOK RIFLE, 360 bore Martini action, superior pistol hand	130 0	145 0
S.-B. B.-L. ROOK RIFLE, 380 bore, side lever, superior pistol hand	105 0	117 0
QUACKENBUSH SAFETY RIFLE.	32 0	35 8
REVOLVERS:	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
ARMY AND NAVY REGULATION— Blued	96 0	107 0
Plated	105 0	117 0
WEBLEY'S MARK I— Blued	110 0	123 0
Plated	125 0	139 0
BRITISH BULL DOG, 450— Blued	45 0	50 0
Plated	50 0	55 8
COLT'S SPECIAL TARGET— Plated	105 0	117 0
COLT'S ARMY DOUBLE ACTION, 476	92 0	103 0
COLT'S DERINGER, 410 R. F.	18 0	20 0

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The Sorceress, by Mrs Oliphant
The Seventh Child, by John Strange Winter
The Ladies' Juggernaut, by A C Gunter
To His Own Master, by Alan St Aubyn
The Old Chateau, by Col Savage
£ 1,000,000 Bank Note, by Mark Twain
Quittance in Full, by T W Speight
The Charlatan, by Robert Buchanan
The Red Sultan, by J M Cobban
An Unsatisfactory Lover, by Mrs Hungerford
Straight as a Line, by A Maclaren
A Trying Patient, by James Payn
Ropes of Sand, by R E Francillon
In the Days of his Vanity, by Sidney Grundy
A Song of Sixpence, by Henry Murray
A Stranger Manuscript found in a Copper Cylinder, by Gilbert Gould
Something Occurred, by B L Farjeon
The Flying Halcyon, by Col R E Savage
The Queen of Ecuador, by R M Manley
A Daughter's Heart, by Mrs Lovett Cameron
Stuck Up, by Nat Gould
A Wild Wooing, by Florence Warden
The Fascinating Miss Lamarche, by C C Fernival
Mrs Grundy's Victims, by Mrs G Corbett
The Beauty of Boscastle, by T Mullett Ellis
Love Knots or Cross Roads, by May Crommelin
An Early Frost, by C T C James
Mixed Humanity, by J S Cooper
My Patients, by G M Fenn
Elins Vere, by Louis Cooperus
A Strange Temptation, by Mrs J K Spender
A Brilliant Woman, by the Hon Mrs Henry Chetwynd
Bureaucracy; or a Civil Service Reformer, by H de Balzac
Elsie Grey; a Tale of Truth, by Cecill Clarke
In Low Relief, by Morley Roberts
Love for an Hour is Love for Ever, by A E Barr
A Modern Wizard, by R Ottolenghi
Toppletonian's Clients, by J K Bangs
The Nameless City, by Stephen Grail
The Village Blacksmith, by Dorley Dale
The Private Life of an Eminent Politician, by E Rod
A Deputy Providence, by Henry Murray
The Mystery of Clement Dunraven, by J Middlemas
Brooks Finchley's Daughter, by Mary Albert
The Man who was Good, by Leonard Merrick
Miss Maxwell's Affections, by Richard Pryce
Trust Money, by William Westall
My Dead Self, by William Jameson
From the Bosom of the Deep, by J E Muddock
The Marquis of Carabas, by A Watson and L Wassermann
For His Sake, by Mrs Alexander
Weak Woman, by Mrs Lovett-Cameron
Viola Fanshawe, by Mable Collins
Denise: a Novel Founded on the Celebrated Comedy Drama, by Alex Dumas
Andre Cornelis, by Paul Bourget
The History of a Week, by L B Walford
From Clue to Capture, by Dick Donovan
A Waking, by Mrs J K Spender
Misogyny and the Maiden, by Paul Cushing
Paul Nugent, Materialist, by H F Hetherington and H D Burton
Campaigns of Curiosity: Journalistic Adventures of an American Girl in London, by E L Banks
Soldiers at Sea, by Louis Helton
Leslie, by the Author of A "British Milkmaid"
Winter's Masterpiece, by Frederick Leal
The Vicar's People, by Geo Manville Fenn
Torin, by Ouida
Stanhope of Chester, by Percy Andreae
Through a Field Glass, by G F Underhill and H S Sweetland, illustrated
A Modern Bridegroom, by A Fraser
A Waif from the Plains, by Bret Harte
A Bachelor's Bridal, by Mrs L Cameron
The First of the English, by Archibald Gunter
Ivan Greet's Masterpiece, by Grant Allen.
Just Like a Woman, by Mrs Kennard
Countess Pharamont, by Rita
Racing Rubber, by Hawley Smart
A Ward of the Golden Gate, by Bret Harte
Aunt Johnnie, by John Strange Winter
Sweetheart and Wife, by Lady Constance Howard
The Master of St. Benedicts, by Alan St Aubyn
Rachel Dane, by Robert Buchanan
The Good Ship "Mohock," by W Clark Russell
Mystery of Stephen Claverton & Co, by H Knight
The Passing Show, by Col H Savage
A Hidden Chain, by Doris Russell
Lottie's Wooing, by Darley Dale
Corinthia Marazion, by Cecil Griffith
A Reverend Gentleman, by J M Cobban
Doctor Greystone, by Madame Van-de-Velde
The Dynamiters, by Reginald Taylor
Too Easily Jealous, by Mrs H E Russell
Armand de L'Isle, by A M Rose
Damesford, by Carter Harrison
Poverty Corner, by G Manville Fenn
The Parson O'Dunford, by G M Fenn
The Queen of Spades, by A S Pushkin
Judith Grant, by Jennie Lockett
Wedded to Sport, by Mrs E Kennard
From One Generation to Another, by H S Merriman
Valdmar the Viking, by Hume Nisbet
Constance, by F C Phillips
Blood Royal, by Grant Allen
The Web of the Spider, by H B Marriot-Watson
A Baffling Quest, by Richard Dowling
Very Long Odds, by the Author of "Kissing Cup's Race"
Burgo's Romance, by T W Speight
John Dorrien, by Julia Kavenagh
A Wild Proxy, by W R Clifford
Far Above Rubies, by Mrs J H Riddell
An American Monte Christo, by J Hawthorne
Mr Stranger's Sealed Packet, by Hugh MacColl
The Fountain of Youth, by Erasmus Dawson
Strange Doings in Strange Places
Guy Darrell's Wives, by F Iles
Roy of Roy's Court, by William Westall
Jem Peterkin's Daughter, by W B Churchward
Reminiscences of a 19th Century Gladiator, with Illustrations, by John L Sullivan
The Young Squire, by Borderer
Story of Paul Boyton: a Rare Tale of Travel and Adventure
Loyal: a Novel
Hecther and Snow, by George Macdonald
Memoirs of a Landlady, by G R Sims
When God Hath Joined: a Question of Marriage, by Fergus Hume
Near and Far, by W Senior
Hypocrites, by Hugh C Davidson
For One Season Only, by Mrs Robert Jocelyn
Thrown Away, by Nat Gould
Dust before the Wind, by May Crommelin
The White Virgin, by George M Fenn
Cross Currents, by M A Dickens
The Fate of Fenella, by 24 Popular Authors
Santa Barbara, by Ouida
Inscrutable, by Esme Stuart
1896. LET US' DIARIES NOW READY. 1896.
A. J. COMBRIDGE & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,
and the Railway Bookstalls, Victoria Terminus and Byculla Stations
THE ARMY
USE OUR
LIQUEFIED CARBONIC ACID GAS AND SODA WATER MACHINES,
IN BARRACKS,
ON THE MARCH,
IN CAMP,
IN PEACE,
AND IN WAR,
THEY WERE USED IN THE CHITRAL EXPEDITION,
IN THE BLACK HILLS AND IN THE CHIN HILLS.
THE SOLDIERS SWEAR BY THEM.
THE
SIRDARS CARBONIC ACID INVENTIONS SYNDICATE CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.
UMBRELLAS.
LADIES'—

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
22 in. Dark Brown Satin de Chine	5 8 &	7 0
22 in. " " " "	7 12 &	8 10
23 in. " " " Natural Sticks	9 8 &	10 8
23 in. " " Twilled Silk, Paragon Frames.	12 4 &	14 0

GENTS'—

24 in. Brown Laventine, Natural Sticks	7 4 &	8 4
24 in. "	10 4 &	12 4
25 in. Brown Twilled Silk "	14 0 &	16 0
25 in. " " " Fancy Mounts	18 0 to	30 0

CASH PRICES.
BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

STEEL PIANOS.
MARCKS & Co., Ld., of BOMBAY & POONA, beg to notify to the public on behalf of Mr. JULIUS BLUTHNER of Leipzig, THE LARGEST PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURER of the WORLD, that he has been building overstrung Pianos, Grands and Uprights with
STEEL FRAMES AND METAL WREST PLANKS,
for several years past, which has gained for his Instruments their present popularity as "THE SWEETEST TONED PIANOS IN THE WORLD." As prominence is now being given to certain Pianos of a totally different make and construction, alleged to possess the same advantages claimed by Mr. Julius Bluthner for his Pianos, we respectfully request that Constituents would kindly write direct for the fullest information regarding these UNRIVALLED PIANOS, to his Sole Agents in India.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
or to the Sub Agents:—
MESSRS. T. E. BEVAN & Co., of Calcutta.
LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. R. & C. I. Sr. PARSI GYMKHANA.

A CONCERT

Will be held in the PARSI MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,

ON THURSDAY, the 17th and a DANCE

ON FRIDAY, the 18th Instant.

Admission for Concert for each person Re. 1.

Dress Circle Gentleman and Lady Rs. 2.

Tickets to be obtained from the Undersigned.

M. D. MELLOW,
Honorary Secretary.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE (BYCULLA), BOMBAY.

NEW CLASSES formed for FRESH STUDENTS. Those who desire to attend are advised to make immediate applications. DAY and EVENING WORK begins on MONDAY, 11th November, 1895.

Prospectus, Time-Table and other information can be obtained on application by Letter to the PRINCIPAL of the Institute.

NOWROJEE N. WADIA,
Honorary Secretary.

THE ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.,

NOTICE.

THE NINETEENTH DIVIDEND of Rs. 12-8 Thirty-two and annas eight per share has been declared for the year ending 30th June, 1895, and will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 21st Instant, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2, Dalal Street, Fort, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., on the production of Share Certificates to those other shoulders whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 15th October, 1895.

PURSHOTTAMDAS THURUDASS and Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 11th October, 1895.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The "BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY," prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) ..... Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe) Rs. 15

Single Copy ..... As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

ESTATE BRIGADE-SURGEON T. B. W. P. JOHNSTON, Deceased.

Pursuant to Section 42 Act XXVII. of 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having Claims against the late THEOPHILUS BOLTON WRIGHT PLUNKETT JOHNSTON of Pummer Hill, Bandon in the County of Cork, Ireland, Brigade-Surgeon in Her Majesty's Bombay Medical Service (retired) who died at Pummer Hill aforesaid on the 17th Day of December 1894, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to GEORGE T. BEETS JOHNSTON, one of the Members of the Firm of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co. of Bombay are hereby called upon to send in the same within ONE MONTH from THIS DATE to the said Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co. Bombay at or which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard only to the Claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claim sent in subsequently will be considered, and all persons indebted to or holding any security or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby required to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator, whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1895.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 12 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of October, 1895, for FURNISHING CAST IRON PIPES in Parbhadevi Road, and for Works in connection therewith.

2. Forms of Contract, Specification, &c., may on payment of Rs. 5 be obtained from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. (300) three hundred which is to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, as public securities and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further deposit to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.

M. C. MURZBAN,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 11th October, 1895.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Publication being Current contains—

A Specially-written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Sailing Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, Yarns, Metals, &c., entered for Home Consumption up to date, with the total for the month, and the same as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Prices Lists and Rates of Exchange.
Lists of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Table of Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance ..... Rs. 10.
Single Copy ..... Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THE SIVAGANGA ZEMINDARY DEBENTURE RUPEE LOAN, 1895.

1,200 Bonds of Rs. 500 each, carrying half-yearly Coupons Payable to Bearer.

Area of the Estate, 1,680 square miles; Population, 150,000 souls.

Annual Revenue about Rs. 3,50,000; Government Rent, Rs. 2,57,000.

SOLICITORS.—MESSRS. BARCLAY, MORGAN and ORR, Madras.

AUDITORS.—MESSRS. LOVELOCK AND LEWES, Chartered Accountants, Calcutta.

BANKERS AND TRUSTEES FOR DEBENTURE HOLDERS:—COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

The Terms of the Bonds are as under, bearing Interest from the 1st July 1895, Principal and Interest being payable at any of the Offices of the Bankers:—

Series.	Bonds.	Bearing Interest	Due 1st July.	To be Redeemed at par.
	Rs. 500 each.	at p. c. p. a.	A. D.	deemed at per Bond.
A.	200	6	1896	Rs. 500-0-0
B.	200	5½	1897	" 502-8-0
C.	200	5¼	1898	" 507-8-0
D.	200	5¼	1899	" 515-0-0
E.	400	5	1900	" 525-0-0

The Bankers are authorised to afford any information required.

ROBT. G. ORR,
Hereditary Lessee, Sivaganga Zemindary.

INSURANCE.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE. LIFE.

FUNDS EXCEED £8,200,000.

New Life Assurances completed during 1894:—

£1,017,690.

LAST BONUS declared at the rate of £1 10s. per cent. per annum on sum assured.

All the Advantages of Modern Practice offered.

The ROYAL is the LARGEST and STRONGEST Fire Office in the world, a position which shows the Public's Appreciation of its methods in every respect.

Net Fire Premiums received in 1894, £2,032,450.

CLAIMS PAID EXCEED £34,000,000.

Further particulars may be had on Application to

BOMBAY:—

AGENTS: Messrs. T. H. MOORE & Co., Rumnum Street.
BRANCH OFFICE: OLD SECRETARIAT.
D. LINDSAY, Secretary.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 6,000,000 = Rs 1,20,00,000
Paid Up Capital ..... " 4,000,000 = " 80,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 3,928,004 = " 78,56,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Kobe, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Shanghai, Tientsin.

BANKERS.—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK; The UNION BANK of LONDON; PARR'S BANKING COMPANY & THE ALLIANCE BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY AGENCY:

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Other Commercial places in the World.

M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.

Bombay Office: Apollo House, Fort, Bombay, 9th March 1895.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BRANDIES.

May be Recommended for their Purity and Genuineness.

Send for DETAILED PRICE LIST.

NOTICES.

TENDERS will be received up to noon on WEDNESDAY, 30th October, for the execution of various works in connection with the ERECTION of BULK OIL INSTALLATION, 32 Mody Bay, South Reclamation, as per plans and specifications to be seen at the offices of the Undersigned.

T. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

Parel Bazar Street, Fort, October 9th, 1895.

SNOWFLAKE OIL.

AS we understand that KEROSINE OIL with the figure of a Lamp branded on the Boxes is shortly to be imported into Bombay from Calcutta, we beg to draw the attention of the Public to the fact that SNOW FLAKE OIL, besides having a Lamp in the Brand, also has the words, "SNOWFLAKE and 1295," on both the Tins and Boxes. None other is Genuine.

STANDARD OIL Co., of New York.

Bombay, 30th September, 1895.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND..... £160,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Eliya, Zanzibar, and Aden.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 0 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by Telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

W. H. BEDDY,
Acting Manager.

CREDIT LYONNAIS.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)

CAPITAL..... Fcs. 200,000,000 = £8,000,000
RESERVE FUND..Fcs. 40,000,000 = £1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH: ESPLANADE ROAD.
CENTRAL OFFICE: PARIS. HEAD OFFICE: LYONS.
BRANCHES in all principal Towns of France and Algiers, LONDON OFFICE: 60, Lombard Street, E. C.
WEST END BRANCH: 1 Cockspur Street, S. W.
BRANCH IN CALCUTTA.

FOREIGN BRANCHES:

Alexandria, St. Petersburg, Madrid, Brussels, Constantinople, Cairo, Moscow, Barcelona, Geneva, Smyrna, Port Said, Odessa, Jerusalem.

THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH (1) sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.
Issues Letters of Credit.
Exchanges Foreign money, executes investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges, and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.
Receives Securities for safe custody, and accepts responsibility for same, except against irresistible force, that is to say, "force majeure." Charges on withdrawal, a fee of ¼ per cent. Collects Interest or Dividends at ½ per cent., but if remitted in the Bank's drafts, no commission charged.
Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock shares, bullion, and produce.
Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest at 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
Receives fixed deposit for 12 months at 3 per cent. p. a.
" for 6 months at 2½ per cent. p. a.
General Banking Business transacted.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52:—Threadneedle Street, E.C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL ...Fcs. 106,000,000 (£4,000,000).

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta, Bombay, Tunis, San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave, Tananarive, Shanghai, Foochow, and Hankow.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000.

Special arrangements may be obtained on application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Most Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 5, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards, facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the hotels, further Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Drafts on Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks cashed for customers without charge if remitted home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, and Produce.

C. HENRIOT,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... $ 55,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... $ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

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F. D. BARNES, Esq. (Managing Director, P. & O. S. N. Co.
EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
G. E. NOBLE. }

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BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.	
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.	
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO	
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.	
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.	
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.	
HAMBURG.	PEKING.		

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1½ per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs 1,00,000.
Money taken on deposit for Fixed Periods, and Interest is at present allowed as under:—
12 Months ..... 3½ per cent.
6 Months ..... 3 per cent.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay; and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

COMMERCIAL & LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 25,00,000
RESERVE FUNDS AND REST... " 10,46,454

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

BRANCHES:—
BOMBAY AND RAWALPINDEE

BANKERS & AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMAH CEYLON, & in LONDON EDINBURGH & DUBLIN.

LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

HONBLE MR. FAZULBHOY VISRAM, C.I.E. | GORDHANDAS KHATAO Esq.
SASSOON J. DAVID, Esq. | NOWROJEE JEHANGIER GAMADIA, Esq.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—2 Years, 5 per cent. per annum; 12 Months, 4½ per cent. per annum; 6 Months, 3½ per cent. per annum.

PROVIDENTIAL FUND.—Bearing half-yearly Compound Interest.

STERLING DEPOSITS.—4 per cent. per annum on Money at Call.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—2 per cent. per annum on Balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 which do not fall below Rs. 1,000 during the Half-year.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on Security of Goods, Produce, Shares, House Property, and approved personal Security.

Every description of Banking Business Transacted.

Full information and Rules of business furnished on application.

By Order of the Board,

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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(REAL AND IMITATION).

BRAIDS, CORDS,

LACES, FRINGES, &c.,

BULLIONS of every Description for Embroidering,

RUBY HOLES for Wire-drawing.

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68, King's Cross Road,

LONDON.

"GAZETTE" INSURANCE COUPON.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, Ld.,

9, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.; 7, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA; & 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Rs. 10,000 "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Rs. 10,000

DEATH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COUPON.

APPLICABLE TO ADEN, INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON, BY SEA OR RAIL.

TEN THOUSAND RUPEES will be paid by the above INSURANCE COMPANY to the legal representatives of any person killed by an accident to the Passenger Train or to the Steamer in which the deceased was travelling as an ordinary passenger; or who shall have been fatally injured thereby, should death result within one calendar month after such accident.

And the like amount will be paid should such injury not prove fatal but result in the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in both eyes or by physical separation of both hands; or of both feet, or of one hand and one foot.

Five Thousand Rupees will be paid should such injury only result in the loss by physical separation of one hand; or of one foot; or the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in one eye.

Provided at the time of such accident the person so killed or permanently injured was the owner of this INSURANCE COUPON for the current issue with his or her usual signature written underneath, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber through a newsagent or through the publishers, and also that notice of claim was given within SEVEN DAYS from the date of the accident, which are conditions precedent to this Insurance.

Signature.

NOTE.—This Insurance applies only to persons over 14 years of age, is limited to ONE COUPON for each holder, and is not invalidated by any insurance with this or any other Accident Company, but is in addition thereto.

It is not necessary for Subscribers, Advertisers, or Newsagents either to sign or carry the paper, as they will be held insured for the period during which their Subscription, Advertisement, or agency subsists.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS.

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

The nearest approach to a GENUINE HAVANNA.

BAHADURS No. 1.	BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 3.
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BAHADURS No. 3.	BAHADUR REGALIAS.
BAHADURS No. 4.	BAHADUR PRINCESSAS.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 1.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 1.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 2.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 2.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 3.	BAHADUR EXCELSIORS.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 4.	BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 1.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 1.	BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 2.
BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 2.	BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.

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MADRAS.

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PRECIOUS STONE DEALER,

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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESSES:
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NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
SIMON LEHMANN & Co., BANKERS, PARIS.
AMSTERDAMSCHE BANK, AMSTERDAM, HOLLAND.
GEBRUDER STERN, BANKERS, HANAU, GERMANY.

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UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

[ESTABLISHED 1834.]

ASSURANCES effected for the Whole Term of Life and for Short Periods at Low Rates of Premium.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable on attaining the Age of 45, 50 and 55, or previous, in the event of Death, also Granted.

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PREMIUM Reduced to European Rates on passing Port Said Homewards.

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For Prospectus and Full Particulars Apply to—

KING KING & CO.,
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BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

E. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.

BOMBAY OFFICE.—29, ESPLANADE ROAD.

LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THIS COMPANY offers unusual advantages to intending assurers. The tables are popular and easily understood. The POLICIES are the most liberal offered to the public, and ARE FREE FROM ALL UNNECESSARY RESTRICTIONS. WORLD-WIDE and UNCONDITIONAL Policies. LARGE GUARANTEED BONUS OF 2 PER CENT. per annum on the sum Assured.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

THE POLICIES of this Company cover Accidents of all kinds incurred in Sport, Business, or Travel at home or abroad without restriction.

Ordinary Risks.—Rs. 50 per annum will Secure Rs. 10,000 on Death, Rs. 10,000 on Permanent Total Disablement; Rs. 50 per week for Six Months on Temporary Partial Disablement; Rs. 25 per week for Six Months on Temporary Total Disablement; Rs. 15 Weekly during Illness.

GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT.

Surety-ship undertaken for the Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust or for prompt payment of a named sum.

The Different kinds of Risks have been carefully classified, and the Company is in a position to undertake all risks at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Full particulars may be obtained from

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LD.,
Chief Agents.

Bombay Gazette Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

TWENTIETH EDITION.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1895.

With Portrait of H. E. the Viceroy, LORD ELGIN.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

PRICE: Rs. 5 with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1895 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and narrates the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

"The London" Daily Chronicle" says:—There is not, and there seems has been, a better Guide for any part of the world than that which Mr. J. M. Maclean, recently Member for Oldham, originally published at Bombay in 1878, and now annually brought up to date under the care of his successor in the editorship and proprietorship of the "Bombay Gazette."

Ordinary Risks.—Rs. 50 per annum will Secure Rs. 10,000 on Death, Rs. 10,000 on Permanent Total Disablement; Rs. 50 per week for Six Months on Temporary Partial Disablement; Rs. 25 per week for Six Months on Temporary Total Disablement; Rs. 15 Weekly during Illness.

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ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LD.,
Chief Agents.

Bombay Gazette Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

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FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND,	" 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	" 2,500,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs 10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 3,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND	£ 3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	Frs 4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	" 2,250,000

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

HEALTH HAS BEEN RESTORED, ENERGY REGAINED, AND LIFE PROLONGED, IN THOUSANDS OF CASES BY THE USE OF THE

PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS

PREPARED BY

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD., LONDON.

THE ONLY FORM KNOWN TO BE A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE, AND CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Twenty five Years' Experience has established the Fact that these Pills supply the MOST EFFECTUAL MEANS of administering SAFELY and SUCCESSFULLY

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR LOSS OF NERVE POWER,

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, AND MENTAL DEPRESSION, ARISING FROM

OVERWORK, WORRY, EXCESS, CLIMATIC and other DEPRESSING CAUSES.

These PILLS ARE TAKEN WITH GREAT BENEFIT in Malarial Neuralgias, and incapacity for Intellectual or Business Work, as they rapidly restore Physical Vigour and Mental Activity.

The following have a large application. Those numbered 6 and 9 are taken with great advantage to STIMULATE THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. They operate as real NUTRIENT TONICS, giving increase of power in all cases of loss of Mental and Physical Vigour.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 6.

Nux Vomica in combination with Phosphorus is a very potent medicine, acting as a tonic both on the brain and spinal cord. It is useful in cases of cerebral and spinal debility, atonic dyspepsia, lowness of spirits, and habitual constipation, general ill-health (*below par*), commonly arising from overwork.

PHOSPHORUS NUX VOMICA, AND IRON PILLS, No. 13.

IRON is added to the combination with Nux Vomica for persons who are anæmic. It is especially beneficial in Neuralgia and other morbid conditions indicating permature old age they are powerfully restorative. They are exceedingly energising and strength-giving, and a valuable remedy for convalescents from Fever and other exhausting diseases.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 1.

These carry the usual dose of Phosphorus only. They are taken as a nutrient tonic with great advantage in all cases manifesting Loss of Nerve Power from over exertion and exhausted activity of the brain when Iron or Quinine cannot be given.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS, No. 24.

These are made with the Extract of the "Tree" Damiana Plant, the properties of which are well known. It is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when given as a remedy for Loss of Power. Formulæ No. 24 contains Nux Vomica also, and is therefore a more powerful combination.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 9.

(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine and Strychnine.)

This is a combination of the most powerful Nerve Tonics known. Iron like Phosphorus, is a normal constituent of the blood, the health always suffering when either of these elements are deficient. These Pills are beneficial in diseases of poorness of blood and want of nerve power, especially in that feeble condition of body and mind in need of dissipation and excesses of various kinds. In Melancholia, Mental Depression, Failure of Energy and Business Capacity, and other morbid conditions indicating premature old age they are powerfully restorative. They are exceedingly energising and strength-giving, and a valuable remedy for convalescents from Fever and other exhausting diseases.

PHOSPHORUS AND CANTHARIDES PILLS, No. 20.

These Pills operate as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs producing no irritation of the gastro-intestinal organs. They are especially useful in premature failure of power induced by passive discharges due to debility. Also as a stimulating diuretic agent in obstinate cases of Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, and Atony of the Uterus. Formulæ 1 is a suitable "tonic for feeble anæmic females."

In Bottles, 3s., 5s., & 10s. each (English Money). The 10s. Bottle contains sufficient for 4 weeks. *Full Directions accompany each Bottle.*

N.B.—The only guarantee of the Genuineness of these Pills is our Trade Mark. See that this is intact.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS PILLS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES.

Appointed Agents:—Calcutta: BATHGATE & Co.; Bombay: TREACHER & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co. Poona TREACHER & Co. Allahabad: LYELL & Co. Lahore and Simla: PLOMER & Co. Umballa and Kasauli BALL, HOBSON & Co. Rangoon: DE SOUZA & Co. Karachi: MR. R. SHEPHERD.

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DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonising death. For weakness arising from Colds, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Packages at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each, by all Chemists and Merchants in India.

Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED AND NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. De Roos, containing 160 pages, of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14 HARD COURT, HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

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SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has fully admitted my confidence in it, but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

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BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 per ct.	1,455
Bank of Bengal	40,000	200	all	10 pr. ct.	1,345
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,270
Commercial & Landing	4,000	{ 100 / 75	10. p.c.		169
Maharaneo Loc Manufactur	3,500	100	100	Nil	--
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	120,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank	80,000	£20	£12	7 pr. ct.	237
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1-5s.	£44 to £5
National Bank of India	60,000	£25	£12½	8 pr. ct.	300
PRESS COMPANIES.					
Aitkar	300	1,250	1,250	Yearly 75	1,275
Albert Printing Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,200
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000 dvd	14 2	220
Bhowanee City Press & Weekly Co, Ld	550	250	250	25	147½
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co	1,000	125	125 dv	Rs12½	150xd.
Bonni's Canvassing Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	14	140
Bombay City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	190
Colaba	500	1,888	1,880 dvd	Rs15	325 xd
East India	850	1,000	1,000	75	1,145
English Press and Manfg	400	200	--	dvd Rs 6	84 xd
Fort	150	2,500	500	30	1,200
French	300	500	500 dvd	Rs30	510 xd
Harvey and Sahapathy	450	450	500	30	43
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100 dvd	Rs11	123
Khaugaon	240	450	450	30	380
Mahura Press Co., Ld	200	200	all	16 pr. ct.	220
Manmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	500	500	500	33	170
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	93½xd
Motucoll Co	3,125	400	400	Nil	340
Mummar M	1,000	250	all	15	160
New Berar	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs30	507xd
New Indian	4,000	125	125	dvd Rs 9	127½ xd
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25	480
Sahapathy (Bellary)	200	500	75	30	480
Samachar	300	500	500	30	450
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	1,950
Sind	400	1,000	750	60	1,050
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	90
Surat City Press Co., Ld	377	200	all	12	200
Vakkart	--	1,000	1	9 dvd	Rs65
MISCELLANEOUS					1,060xd
Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,750	100	100	Yearly 15	375
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	7½	40
Bahhani Pice	6,000	100	100	15	127
Bombay & Barma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	5,750
Do. New Issue	500	375	225	75	1,450
Bombay Hydro Mfg. Co., Ld	1,250	100	100	dvd 14	90
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld	400	500	500	5 pr. ct.	500
Bombay Flour Mill	700	500	500	50	1,050
Carnac Flour Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	510
Chalisgaon Manufacturing Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs 2½	55
Dharamsey Jadoo Hajee Mahomed Hajee Ismael and Hajee Yusuf Hajee Ismael, had generously came forward and offered to the Anjuman a handsome donation of Rs. 17,500 for this object, on condition that a sum of Rs. 7,500 be obtained by way of building grant from Government. The construction of the boarding-house is estimated to cost Rs. 25,000, and plans and estimates have been submitted to Government, with an application for a building grant of the required amount. The office-bearers for the current year were appointed. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Badrooddin was re-appointed president, and Messrs. Abdulla M. Dharamsi and Fatteh Ali Shaik Ahmed were re-nominated as secretaries.	1,800	200	200	12	225xd
Dharamsey Jadoo Spinning & Weaving Co	2,93	250	250	8 pr. ct.	310
Indian Cloth & General Mills Co. Ld	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	17
Indian Guano Co	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Indian Sugar Mills Co., Ld	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Kamp & Co	4,000	200	175	21	342
Kurrachee Landing	600	600	300	30	200
Maharanee Loc Manufactur	3,500	100	100	Nil	--
Marora & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	150
Nagpur Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	62
Nagpur Foundry	1,000	100	100	--	60
Oriental Gov. Security Life Assurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	168
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	4	103
Port Cleaning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs12	500
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	90
Thrasher & Co	2,000	200	25	60	1,100
Thrasher & Co.	1,500	100	100	--	111xd
Tulsidas & Co	9,200	25	100	dvd Rs11	274
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				guar.	
G. I. P. Rly. Co., Guaranteed	--	£100	all	5 p. c.	2,620
B. B. & C. I. R.	--	£ 16	--	--	220
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	20	630
Anglo-Indian	1,245	100	100	Nil	92
Baijnath Co., Ld (Bellary)	571	98	all	8 per ct.	358
Bombay Union	900	1,000	1,000	20	870
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	800	500	500	30	515
Bombay National Manfc. Co, Ld	600	1,000	1,000	--	315
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	465
Central India	1,000	500	500	60	1,600xd
China Mills Co (Ld	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	735
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	935
Colmbatore S and W	1,000	100	100	--	110
Gannaghi Mills	600	500	500	25	700
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	--	dvd Rs15	730
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	675
Currim bhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	40	892
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.25	900
Dhara Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	--	435
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	555
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30	750
Hingunghat Mills	700	500	500	40	600
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	705
Hydernabad	700	1,000	1,000	75	1,275
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvd Rs.30	495
India Manfg. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,305 xd
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	500
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	25	705
James Finlay	600	500	500	Nil	225
Jamshed Manu. Sculpturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	207 xd
Jeevraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	1,080 xd
Jubilee Mills Co, Ld	600	1,000	1,000	20	375
Khandelsh	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30	750
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil	205
Khatau Maleji	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs45	800
Leopold	1,500	100	100	dvd Rs.10	205
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	30	925
Laxmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,060
Madras United	358	1,000	1,000	100	3,070
Mahalaxmee	800	1,000	1,000	N	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (G n burgs)	2,400	500	500	15 pr ct	
Manchuk Jee	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,610
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 8	170 xd
Manajl Goculdas	1,080	1,000	1,000	dvdRs7½	3,280
Mysore S & M		{ 250 / 50	{ $250 / 50	dvd	--
Do Ld	4,000	100	100	--	--
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	--
National	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	110
New Q n and Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 2½	550
Oriental	6,725	625	625	Rs 22½	490
Phœnix and Silk Mills Co (Ld)	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,400
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	775 xd
Rajpo Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,030 xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	1,335 xd
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	--	1,610
Soonderdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd 30	880
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	115
Southern Mahratta	1,312	250	250	dv Rs12½	382½
Sun Mills, Ld	1,200	250	250	dv Rs 15	212½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	--	310
Swadeshi Mills	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs15	675
Sassoon and Alliance	2,000	400	500	dvd Rs30	880
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	60	550
Venkatshunker Lakhmshaw Ker C Mill Co, Ld	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	375
Western India	1,500	1,000	1,000	80	740
White Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	--	200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	--	505

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 17-14½
Napoleons Dollars	14-0
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	14-6
Bar Silver	98-8
Gold Leaf	98-4
Bar Gold, English (touch)	27-14
Bar Australian	27-12
Bar Bombay	28-4
Bar Pekin	27-6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three-and-a-half per cent Reduced	102-3
Three-and-a-half per cent New	105
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	132
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond	107-12

EXCHANGE

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 1 23-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 1 31-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight	1s. 1 13-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 1 27-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 1½.
Do. Credits	3 Do. do.	1s. 1 13-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 29-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do. do.	1s. 1 29-32d.
Do do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 1 15-16d.
France	8 Do. do.	186
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	186
Calcutta	At sight	100
Do.	30 days'	99-11
Madras	At sight	100
Do.	30 days'	99-13
China	30 days'	193

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,499½ Miles.)

The following is the Statement of Traffic for week ending 5th October, 1895:—

	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Receipts.	Receipts.		
Total	Rs. 1,81,625	Rs. 2,30,936	Rs. 7,218	Rs. 4,39,779
Corresponding week 1st Year				
Total Open Miles	--	--	--	4,97,016

Decrease ..... Rs. 57,237

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

P. and O. s. s. Oriental, with English mails of the 27th ultimo, expected to arrive at 6 a.m.

Western India Spinning and Weaving Company, Humum Street, 4 p.m.

Bombay Rifle Club: Silver Spoon Competition, Colaba.

Aryan Social Union, Mr. Choonilal Lullookhai Parekh's lecture: "Our Domestic Life," The People's Reading Room, 6 p.m.

Music as the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Clan Alpine entered, and the steamer Sutherland left the dock yesterday.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.—The Reverend Father E. Kershaw, S. S. J. E., will preach in the Cathedral to-morrow evening, on behalf of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, Tamatave, Delagoa Bay, Natal, and Cape Colony, via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7 p.m., on Monday, the 14th instant.

THE B. V. R. DANCE.—A dance was held, last night, by the members of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, in the Town Hall. It was largely attended, and proved very successful. The hall was decorated with bunting and flags, and dancing to the strains of the band was kept up until the small hours of the morning.

A CURIOUS PAYMENT.—Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, fined Hasam Suleman Rs. 50 for assaulting Imali Tazil with a bamboo stick. The accused owed four annas to the complainant, and when the latter demanded the money, struck him with a bamboo stick. The magistrate awarded Rs. 15 from the amount of fine to the complainant.

THE BOGUS DHARAMSALA.—Before Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Harjiwan Lalchand was again charged with cheating Messrs. Premchand Roychand and Mulchand Panalal in respect of Rs. 25 by falsely representing to them that he was collecting funds for the erection of a dharamsala at Hoted. The accused being convicted, was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment in such charge.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, commencing at 5-45 (weather permitting):—

March	Vive Langsterre ..... F. A. Marks.
Overture	Le Dun D'Odoma ..... Auber.
Selection	Little Christopher Columbus. Kappey.
Valse (Spanish)	Cordova ..... Juan Gomez.
Selection	The Shop Girl ..... Ivan Caryll.
Galop	Poltergeister ..... Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE B. S. P. C. A.—During the month of September last one horse and eight bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole, as being unfit for work, at the instance of the agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates, and with the consent of the owners; while sixty-one bullocks and eleven horses were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel for curative treatment during the same month. Four hundred and twenty-two offenders were fined for cruelty to their animals, and twenty-four cartmen were fined for overloading their carts.

SUICIDE.—Yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, Mr. Turner, the coroner, held an inquest touching the death of Anaji Dugroo, a vegetable-seller, aged about 25 years. For some time past the deceased had been suffering from pain in the stomach, and was found lying ill, on Wednesday afternoon, at Chinch Bunder Road. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where it was ascertained that he was suffering from opium-poisoning. On inquiry, the police found that the deceased had purchased four annas worth of opium from a licensed vendor, stating that he required it to be sent to his native place and swallowed it. He died on Thursday. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

FATAL STREET ACCIDENTS.—At the J. J. Hospital the coroner, yesterday, held an inquest touching the death of Bachibai, a Hindu girl, aged about nine months. On Wednesday while the child was being carried by a Bania woman, named Jethi, in her arms on the Babula Tank Road, she was knocked down by a runaway horse. The child was removed in an unconscious state to the J. J. Hospital, where it was discovered that her skull had been fractured. She died shortly after admission. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.—Another inquest was held, yesterday, touching the death of Baaboo Daji, aged seven years. The deceased was blindly running after a kite and was accidently knocked down and run over by a cart. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

LECTURE AT THE B. B. B. A. Rooms.—Mr. R. P. Karkaria will read a paper before the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society at the Town Hall on Tuesday next, the 15th instant, on the Teleological arguments of the Pahlavi treatise of Mardan Farukh, called the *Shikand Gumanik Vijar* and of Cicero's *De Natura Deorum*. The former treatise, it may be mentioned, is a controversial work written in the ninth century A.D. by a Zoroastrian scholar to prove the existence of God, and to refute Atheists, Christians, Manichæans, and Mahomedans. The argument, from design contained in its fifth and sixth chapters present a close resemblance to those contained in the second book of Cicero's famous treatise. And this is the subject of Mr. Karkaria's paper.

A BRUTAL HUSBAND.—At the Mazgaon Police Court yesterday, Bastian Jono, a Goanese, was charged, before Mr. Pheroz Hoshang Dastur, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with branding his wife, Mary, with a hot iron-bar. On Thursday night, Mary went out telling her husband that she was going to see a neighbour. When she returned after some time, the husband accused her of having gone to see her paramour, and throwing her down on the floor, he tied her hands and feet, and then branded her with a heated knife, disfiguring her face to certain extent. The accused pleaded guilty, but begged to be forgiven on the ground that he branded his wife under grave and sudden provocation. The magistrate sentenced the accused to five months' rigorous imprisonment.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—At the Mazgaon Police Court yesterday, Inspector Barnett charged Sonia Mahadu a servant in the employ of Mr. Gokuldas Bhaila, merchant, residing at Tardeo, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with stealing Rs. 30, belonging to a purdesi bill-collector in the service of his master. The complainant and the accused lived in out-houses, in the compound of his master's bungalow. On Tuesday last the complainant placed the money in a box in his room in the presence of the accused. He then went out to collect bills, and when he returned in the evening, he found his box broken open and the contents missing. He suspected Sonia of the theft, as he (Sonia) saw him place the money in the box. The matter was reported to the police, who arrested the accused, and on enquiry recovered the money as well as some other property, which the accused had purloined from his master's bungalow on some previous occasion. Sonia pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to four months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

THE ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM.—The annual meeting of the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay was held, on Monday, under the presidentship of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Badrooddin Tayabjee. The *Monitor* states that a large number of the members of the Anjuman were present. The assistant secretary read the report of the managing committee for the last *Hijree* year, which showed a record of steady work. There was a satisfactory increase in the number of boys attending the schools. The report further stated that there is a prospect of the long-felt want of a boarding-house in connection with the schools being supplied in the near future. The Rs. 25,000, and plans and estimates have been submitted to Government, with an application for a building grant of the required amount. The office-bearers for the current year were appointed. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Badrooddin was re-appointed president, and Messrs. Abdulla M. Dharamsi and Fatteh Ali Shaik Ahmed were re-nominated as secretaries.

THE DUSSERAH FESTIVAL AT RANEEBENNUR, IN THE DHARWAR DISTRICT.—A correspondent writes to us:—The Dussorah festival, this year, passed off quietly. It is customary here to start a palanquin procession of the god Narashiva from the last five-and-twenty years, and the procession to pass a masjid and a dargs. But the disturbances between the Hindus and the Mahomedans at various places had influenced the minds of certain of the Mahomedans, and when the time arrived for the erection of a dharamsala at Hoted. The accused being convicted, was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment in such charge.

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THE CHARGE OF CHEATING.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Jethabhai Cullianji and his son, Bhagwandas, appeared to further answer the charge of cheating in respect of the alleged embezzling of Rs. 80,000, preferred against them by Dawkabai, a Hindu widow. Mr Robertson, barrister-at-law, appeared for the complainant, while Mr Brown, solicitor, defended the accused. Being asked by the court, the accused said he would leave his solicitor to make the statement for him. Mr Robertson urged that he would request his Worship to add a charge of abetment against accused under illustration (d) of explanation (2) of the abetment section, because the shares and moneys did not belong to Dawkabai, but her son, and that she had no right to part with the same to the accused. The accused had indorsed her to part with the property, and although she had done so in good faith, the accused had by her such action made themselves liable under the abetment section. Mr Brown submitted that persons of accused's position and standing should not be put to the trouble, annoyance and expense of a protracted trial by committing them to the High Court Sessions. It was something like an unfortunate investment by the prosecutrix, who would not have troubled the court if she had succeeded in her venture. She came to the court because she failed. Moreover, there was hardly any corroboration of her evidence. In finally replying, Mr. Robertson remarked that on his death, Damodhar Shamji had placed his wife, Dawkabai, and their son under the charge of the accused, and consequently the latter exercised considerable influence over the property, which rightly belonged to the boy. By this kind of influence very good security such as shares of Bombay Bank, was sold, and the proceeds deposited in a firm on the brink of insolvency, and a larger interest sacrificed for a lower rate of interest. In conclusion, counsel said that it was a case to be committed to the High Court for trial at the Criminal Sessions. The magistrate took time to consider his decision, which will probably be delivered on the 25th instant.

A JURORS' GRIEVANCE.

THE following is the reply to the representation made by the Foreman of the jury at the close of the Fonseca case:—

No. 101 of 1895.

From the Clerk of the Crown, High Court, Bombay:
to S. Gore Browne, Esquire, Auditor, G. I. P. Railway.

Bombay, 10th October, 1895.

SIR—I am directed by the Chief Justice to inform you that the representation made by you as Foreman of the jury in the Fonseca trial by the other jurors as to changing the hour for the sitting of the Sessions Court from 10 a.m. to 11 a.m., has been forwarded to him by the presiding Judge, Mr. Justice Starling.

In reply, I am directed to state that it has been the practice of the Sessions Court to sit at 10 a.m. ever since the establishment of the High Court in 1862, and a similar practice was in force in the old Supreme Court. The present representation is, as the Chief Justice believes, the first which has been made upon the subject. Such a change as the representation asks for should not, in the opinion of the Chief Justice, be made without full assurance that it is desired by the general body of the special jurors.

The Chief Justice presumes that the proposed change is intended to apply to the case of common jurors, but the representation is ambiguous on that subject. The Chief Justice would point out that the result of the change (if made) will be in many instances to compel a special juror who would under the present system be finished in one day to attend for the second day and a two days' trial to extend into the third day and so on. It is, of course, desirable in the interests of jurors, witnesses, police, and other officials that the sittings of the Sessions Court should be as short as, having due regard to the administration of justice, they can be made.

If, however, the general body of jurors, European and native, prefer the hour of 10 and approved by the above consideration it is desirable that the hour for the sitting of the Sessions Court be changed in the manner suggested, their views will be carefully considered and effect will, if practicable, be given to them. Upon a representation, therefore, made by the Chamber of Commerce or by some other body which will afford assurance that the proposed change after consideration is sought for and approved by the general body of the mercantile community, the matter will be laid before the Judges and determined on by them. To give effect to the representation of the jury now in the present case without such assurance might give rise to a serious misconception of the position.—I have, &c.,

E. B. RAIKES,
Acting Clerk of the Crown.

THE ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

THE thirteenth ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held yesterday, at the registered office, Dalal Street, Mr. Damodarsas Tapidas, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following was the directors' report:—

Your directors beg to submit their annual report and audited balance sheets of the accounts of the company, together with the abstracts of profit and loss accounts for the year ending on 30th June 1895. It will be seen from the balance sheets that the company has made a profit of Rs. 1,15,103-9-10, including the balance of Rs. 3,525-14-7, brought forward from last year's account, and deducting Rs. 2,000 carried to the insurance fund account in pursuance of the terms of the articles of association. Out of this said sum your directors have paid Rs. 35,820 as an "ad interim" dividend at the rate of Rs. 20 per share for the half-year ending on 31st December, 1894, and have now transferred Rs. 18,000 to the mill-hands' depreciation fund account, and Rs. 1,000 to the Tapidas Vurjdas memorial fund account. The balance of profit now available for distribution is, therefore, Rs. 60,283-9-10, which they recommend to be appropriated as follows:—Dividend at Rs. 32-8 per share, Rs. 58,207-8-0; bonus to company's employees, Rs. 1,200-0-0; carrying forward to next year's account, Rs. 876-1-10. Your mill, together with the local stock-in-trade, is insured to the extent of Rs. 18,00,000. Two of your present directors, Messrs. Vijbhucandas Atmaram and Dyabhoy Tapidas, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. You have to appoint auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The directors' report and the audited accounts were approved and adopted. A dividend at the rate of Rs. 32½ was declared. The retiring directors, Messrs. Vijbhucandas Atmaram and Dyabhoy Tapidas Vurjdas, were re-elected directors, Messrs. M. R. De Quadros and Jamnadas Purmanandas were appointed auditors, with a remuneration of Rs. 200 each for the year. The best thanks of the shareholders were accorded to the chairman, directors, secretaries, and treasurers of the company for their able and satisfactory management of the company's affairs; and the proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA 5TH ANNUAL ATHLETIC AND SPORTING MEETING.

THE following is the programme for the two days' monstrel sports:—

1st day.—Wednesday, 16th October.

I Tent-Pegging over a Hurdle—(a) Ponies, (b) Horses.
II Jumping Competition—Ponies.
III Horse Scurry.
IV Polo Ball Race.
V Undo and Ova Race.
VI Tandem Race.
VII Polo Flurry.

2nd day.—Thursday, 17th October.

I Tent-Pegging by Sections—Natives.
II Tent Pegging by Sections.
III Jumping Competition—Horses.
IV Lloyd-Lindsay.
V 'Ladies' Trotting Race.
VI Pony Scurry.
VII Ladies' Fling.
VIII C. C. Race.

To commence at 4 p.m., each day. Competitors are reminded that entries close on Saturday, the 12th instant.

T. W. BIRKETT,
A. J. PEILE,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO or Pearl Dentifrice whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, and sweetens the breath; is free from any acid or gritty ingredients, and most beautifully perfumed, it is the most delightful tooth powder in use. Sold by Chemists and Stores. Ask for ROWLAND'S ODONTO, of 20

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows: Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

FOR WEAK OR SENSITIVE EYES.—We have just received a supply of SUN GLARE and DUST GLASSES, with Steel and light Nickel cuti side frames. Recommended by the Medical Faculty. Rs. 6 and Rs. 10, pair.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Ophthalmic Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

LIBERTY ART FABRICS.—A Splendid Selection of Art Muslins, Cretonnies, and Tapestries of the Latest Designs have just arrived, and are now ON VIEW at JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

CHOICEST CEYLON and INDIAN TEAS.—We recommend these TEAS very strongly to such as have not yet tried; unadulterated; very superior and very moderate priced Teas.—MORETON, MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

IF YOU LIKE GOOD TEA, at a fair price, BUY MY MIXTURE, Re. 1 per lb. Honest mixture, not Tea Go'owra Sweepings.—JAMES PEARSE, 22, Apollo Street, Bombay.

PIANO FOR SALE,—COTTAGE PIANO, Second-hand, as good as new, highly Sweet-toned. Pianoforte Depot, opposite Charni Rd. Station, Queen's Rd.

FRESH HIGH CASTE ARAB HORSES and PONIES, suitable for Racing, Polo, &c. For Particulars apply to Mr. ABDOOR RAZZAK BIN CURTAS, Hiram Road Stables, Byculla, Bombay.

FRESH SHIPMENT Every month.—REAL MANILLA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, at Rs. 5, 4-8 and 4 per 100, respectively. These Cigars are carefully Selected and packed in Boxes of 100 Cigars each. The daily increasing demand proves their Superiority, and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at Lower Rates than other firms. A Trial earnestly solicited.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Cigar Merchants, 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable and Artistic Complete Suites of Household Furniture, at "Alice Building," Hornby Row, TO-DAY, at 1 P.M.

2 MAGNIFICENT PICTURES, by Dore—"Christ Leaving the Prætorium" and "The Vale of Tears," in Handsome Gilt Frames.—ON VIEW at THE TRACT SOCIETY, Bombay.

TO LET, for October, November, December, a furnished BUNGALOW, at Khandalla. Apply to Mr. W. R. MACDONELL, Wallace and Co., Bombay.

LANOLI.—TO LET, a Commodious Well-Furnished BUNGALOW for October only.—Address "X 46," care of this Office.

PALI HILL.—TO BE LET, on Pali Hill, a Small BUNGALOW, prettily situated in a large Garden. Stabling for 2 horses. Water laid on. Rent Moderate. Apply CHALE, WALKER and SMETHAM, Solicitors, 15 Church Gate Street, Bombay.

GODOWN TO LET, in Armenian Lane, below "Bombay Gazette" Printing Works. Apply to "B. R." care of this Office.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—CANNOT SAY anything more impressive than has been said by all who have come before me to this Hotel Probably, being an old Indian with 45 consecutive years residence may have some weight with the new arrivals; then I have only to say, which I do with pleasure, that Mr. Pestonjee is a model Hotel-keeper, and his kindness, attention, civility and conciliatory manner to comfort that they are any where but at home in their own homestead.—E. SPARLING, late Deputy Conservator of Forests, Punjab.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is now OPEN. It is a very comfortable, commodious and most central'y situated Hotel on the Hill. Rooms Bright, Airy and Commodious.—Terms moderate

TAYLOR'S FAMILY HOTEL,—near Byculla Railway Station—One of the Best in Bombay.—First-class Table. Best of wines and spirits supplied. Complete suites of apartments, airy and comfortable. For Terms apply to the MANAGER.

MATHERAN.—GRANVILLE HOTEL is the nearest to Gymkhana, Narel Station, Church, &c., and situated on the highest Spot. Commanding extensive view. Now open for Visitors.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 11.

BEYOND a brisk demand for contracts in new arrival Cotton for delivery from January to May next from exporters, which lasted for only one day at the close of last week, there has been very little doing in our principal export staple, purchases of ready old stuff both by shippers having been upon a very small scale, though the market has been steady at previous rates. In Wheat and Seeds a moderate business has been reported in steady markets. Exchange has been generally steady with an upward tendency in rates, an advance of 1-32d. almost daily having taken place, our closing quotations being 5-32d. higher than those ruling last Friday evening. The demand for Money remains very slack, and supplies superabundant. Rates for Government Paper have fluctuated; but close 5-16 below our last weekly quotations. Freights close rather weaker than they have been. Not much business has been done, and takers of tonnage are only offering 3d. to 6d. per ton less than last week's rates. The near approach of the *Diwali* has brought no improvement to our Import market, as to demand; but rates for staple Manchester goods have an upward tendency.

MONEY.—For the first time for many weeks past the Cash Balance of the Presidency Bank showed a falling off, instead of the large addition to which we have of late been accustomed, the diminution disclosed by the Statement of Affairs issued on Monday having been 12¼ lakhs, at 494¼ lakhs, notwithstanding that the market generally had been superabundantly supplied with cash, and the enquiry for accommodation had been very limited. The decrease in the Bank's Balance was mainly caused by withdrawals from Private Deposits, and by some addition to Loans and Bills Discounted, showing a total increase in trade requirements of some 14¼ lakhs, compared with a decrease of about a lakh in the week preceding. There was a decrease of 5 lakhs in Government Deposits at the Bank's branches, which was counterbalanced to a great extent by a reduction of the Balances with other Banks.

So far, there has been little or no improvement in the demand for Money, while the supply keeps as plentiful as ever, but with the advent of the earliest growths of the new Cotton crop due in a few weeks' time, there should be some change in the position of the market. Meantime the minimum rate of the Bank of Bombay remains at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened last mail-day at 1s. 1 5-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1¾d. for three months' sight Credits, October delivery; 1s. 1 25-32d. November-December; and 1s. 1 13-16d. for 1896. There was no enquiry for Bank Paper at our quotation; but at 1s. 1 31-32d. a little was taken, and for 1896 1s. 1 11-16d. was offered without finding buyers. Forward quotations for Bank remittance of remittance were 1s. 1 9 16d.; and for Sterling Credits, 1s. 1 13-16d. The market opened firm on Monday at 1s. 1 11-16d. for Telegraphic and Demand for Bank remittance, and at 1s. 1 25-32d. for three months' sight Credits, for October; 1s. 1 13-16d. for November-December; and 1s. 1 27-32d. for next year; but rates hardened 1-32 to 1-16d. all round, and November transfer of Telegraphic was done to a fair extent at 1s. 1¾d. Rates afterwards receded again, and closed as they had opened. Quotations the next day were 1s. 1¾d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand; 1s. 1 27-32d. for three months' sight Credits; 1s. 1 25-32d. for forward transfer of Bank Telegraphic, November-December, at which rate a fair amount changed hands, also a considerable amount at 1s. 1¾d. for nearer transfer both to the Gold dealers and the bona-fide trade. Merchants' Bills were scarce, a few lots only having been placed, and the market at closing was quieter. On Wednesday rates opened steady at 1s. 1 23-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 1¾d. for Demand, for Bank remittance, and 1s. 1 27-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Of the latter there was none offering, but quotations for Bank paper rose 1-32d., and a large amount was bought by the Bazaar for one month's delivery at 1s. 1¾d., quite steady at opening yesterday, rates were quoted at 1s. 1 25-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1 7/8d. for three months' sight Credits, at which a moderate amount of business was done. This morning the market opened quiet at 1s. 1 2.-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 1 7/8d. for three months' sight Credits, Bank Telegraphic being quoted at 1s. 1 13-16d. for December onwards, and three months' sight Merchants' Bills at 1s. 1 29-32d. to the end of the year, and at 1s. 1 15-16d. for next year, a moderate amount only of the latter having been reported at our quotations. For Bank Paper, however, there was a strong enquiry from the Bazaar in the early part of the day, and a considerable amount was reported to have been placed for near delivery as 1s. 1 25-32d. in that direction; also a moderate amount forward to the bona-fide trade, the market closing steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	...	1s. 1 25-32d. per rupee.
Do. Tel. Transfer.	...	1s. 1 25-32d. "
Do. 3 months' sight	...	1s. 1 13-16d. "
Do. 4 Do.	...	1s. 1 27-32d. "
Do. 6 Do.	...	1s. 1 7-8d. "
Credits 3 Do.	...	1s. 1 7-8d. "
" 6 Do.	...	1s. 1 29-32d. "
Documents 3 Do.	...	1s. 1 29-32d. "
" 6 Do.	...	1s. 1 15-16d. "
Francs 3 Do.	...	1/46¼ "
" 6 Do.	...	1/46¾ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER was steady to firm last mail-day at the opening rates of 103¼ for Money and 103¾ for Account, the same quotation having been named at the close for Cash, and 1-16 per cent higher for the next settling day. On Monday 109 7-16 was quoted for Money, and 109¼ for Account, and rates after having declined 1-16 per cent. remained firm to the close, and left off at 109 3-8 and 109 3-16 in the two positions, respectively. At opening the following day 109 7-16 was quoted for Cash and 109 5-16 for the next settlement, at which rates the market remained steady, and closed on the same level in both positions. On Wednesday the market opened at the reduced rates of 109 7-16 for Cash and 109¼ for this month's settlement, but afterwards further declined 1-16 per cent., having left off quiet at 109 3-8 and 109 3-16 in the two positions, respectively. Rates yesterday were 109 5-16 and 109 1-8 for Money and Account, and advanced 1-16 per cent. in a weak market, having closed at 109¾ for Cash and 109-3-16 for the next settlement. This morning rates opened week again at 109 5-16 for Money and 109 1-8 for Account, and after declining to 109 1-8 and 109 in the two positions, respectively, rates rallied, and closed as the had opened.

We quote 5 per cent. Municipal Bonds 1 per cent. higher at 132. Port Trust Bonds are 2¼ lower, at 107¼.

SHARES.—The business in this market during the past week has been upon a limited scale; and as far as the principal item of Cotton Mill Scrip is concerned the tendency has generally been in buyers' favour. Compared with our quotations of last Friday evening we note a decline of Rs. 125, in Manockjee Petit; of Rs. 70, in Lukhmidass; of Rs. 50 each, in Indo-China and Jivraj Balloo; of Rs. 35, in Britannia; of Rs. 30 each, in Indian Manufacturing, Sassoon, and Star of India; of Rs. 20, in Mahalaxmee; of Rs. 15 each, in Bombay Cotton, and Framjee Petit; of Rs. 12½, in Southern Mahratta; of Rs. 10 each in Alliance, New Great Eastern, Oriental and Sun; of Rs. 5 each, in China, Hindustan, Maxwell, and Presidency; of Rs. 2 in Anglo-Indian. While on the other hand, Sassoon and Alliance have advanced Rs. 60; Bombay United, Rs. 20; Connaught, James Greaves, and Western India, Rs. 5 each; Leopold, Rs. 3; and Colaba Land, Rs. 2½. In Press shares Bombay Cotton, have declined Rs. 2½. In miscellaneous shares Treacher and Co., have advanced Rs. 5; Marcks and Co., and Thacker, Rs. 3 each, and Kemp and Co. Rs. 2; while on the other hand. Delhi and Northern India Flour have declined Rs. 5. In Banks, Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 24 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Although the state of the home markets for staple *Grey Goods* is firmly maintained, there is no corresponding improvement here, the up-country markets being less sensitive than they usually are, and though we are near the *Diwali* holidays, we see but little of that life in Import business which is usually apparent at this time of the year. No doubt there is a good deal of business passing, but this is more speculative than on account of consumers. Rates show an upward tendency. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey-Red,* and *Printed* Goods a moderate business has transpired; and Bleached *Mulls* and *Nainsooks* have advanced in value 1 to 2 annas per piece. For *Locally-made* Goods there has been a moderate demand at slightly hardening rates. The Clearances from the Bazaar have been about 3,700 packages of *Imported* Goods; and some 1,500 bales of *Local.*

YARNS.—There has been a moderate demand for *Imported Twist*, prices having ruled on the previous level, and quotations are unchanged. Sales of *Bombay Spinnings* in China for the last fortnight have been about 18,000 bales; and Exchange at Shanghai has fallen to 265. Business here has a more cheerful aspect, and China buyers have taken a little; but speculators have done more business among themselves. Rates have advanced 1-16 anna per lb., and the market closed strong and advancing, the week's sales having reached 6,000 bales.

Twist.....	No. 6s	Mule, As.	4½	to 5	per lb.
"	" 8s	"	" 4 7-8	" 5 1-8	"
"	" 10s	"	" 5 6-16	" 6	"
"	" 12s	"	" 5¼	" 6 1-16	"
"	" 16s	"	" 6 1-16	" 6 10-16	"
"	" 20s	"	" 6¾	" 6 14-16	"
"	" 24s	"	" 6 14-16	" 7	"
"	" 32s	"	" 7 6-16	" 7 10-16	"
"	" 40s	"	" 8¼	" 8¾	"

METALS.—The price of Copper has declined 4 annas per cwt.; but *Yellow Metal* is unchanged in value; both markets having been steady, with a moderate enquiry. *Iron* is 8 annas lower for *Swedish*, other quotations being unaltered and the market steady.

COAL.—Large Sales have been reported during the week of *Powell's Duffryn*, for September-October shipment, at Rs. 18½; November-December, at Rs. 17; December-January, and January-February, at Rs. 16¾ per ton; and for February-March, and March-April, at Rs. 16½ per ton. *Davison's West Hartley* has been sold for September shipment, at Rs. 17 per ton; November-December, at Rs. 16; December-January, at Rs. 15¾; and February-March, and March-April, at Rs. 15¼ per ton. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley.....	*nil.*
West do.	Rs. 17 ready, Rs. 15½ forward.
Australian	*nil.*
Powell's Duffryn...	Rs. 19 ready Rs. 16¼ "
Cardiff	Rs. 18 " " 16 "
Japan	*nil.*

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—On the day following the date of our last weekly report a large arrival business in Cotton of the new crop was done by exporters; but throughout the present week there has been scarcely any enquiry from that quarter either for ready old stuff, or for contracts in the new crop; while local spinners have been hardly in the market at all, their purchases at most having been only a few hundred bales daily. The feeling in the market has been generally steady, and prices, until yesterday, when an advance of Re. 1 per candy, all round, was established, have shown no movement. The business done by exporters during the week is reported at about 9,000 bales, chiefly on contracts for New-Bengal, for January delivery; Oomrawuttee, for January-February; Broach, for March, Dhollera and Bhownuggur for April-May, and Dharwar for May delivery. The Mills have taken about 2,500 bales of ready old Oomra, and Dhollera-Bhownuggur descriptions. This evening the market closed firm, with quotations Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy higher.

Telegraphic advices from the Cotton-growing districts to hand on Monday morning were of a favourable tenor. In parts of the Bengal circle Cotton was arriving in small quantities, and in others picking was going on in seasonable weather. Picking of the first sowing had also partially begun at Dhulia, in the Oomrawuttee Circle, where the crop was estimated to be a 75 per cent. one; and the plants were flourishing in the other districts of this circle, and at Broach. The crop was also doing well in the Dhollera circle; but required more rain at Dhollera itself, and at Bhownugger. With the exception of an inch at Bellary, where it was acceptable, no rain fell over any portion of the Cotton area after the beginning of the week, and the plants were flourishing in favourable weather and maturing in those districts of the Bengal and Oomrawattee circles where picking had not actually begun. At Khanganu, in the latter Circle, the plants were ready for picking in some places, and the crop was excellent. At Broach the crop could have scarcely looked better than it did yesterday. In the Dhollera circle the plants were doing well; but further rain was still needed in the Dhollera and Bhownugger districts—urgently in the latter.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, *via* Canal, without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—		Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	January, 96.	Rs. 220	-3 1-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	" 205	-3 19-32d.
Do. Good	"	" 188	-3½.
Bolatee, Fully Good	"	" 224	-3 5-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	"	" 224	-3 5-16d.
Oomra, Fully Good	"	" 225	-3 21-32d.
Dholleea, Fine	April-May	" 244	-4 9-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	" 224	-3 5-16d.
Do. Good	"	" 224	-3 5-16d.
B'd Dharwar, Good	"	" 235	-4d.
Westerns	"	" 152	-2 29-32d.
Broach, Fine	"	" 234	-4 9-16d.
Do. Good	"	" 259	-4¼d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1895. Bales.	1894. Bales.	1893. Bales.
For the week	10,836	1,574	11,035
From 1st Jan. to 10th Oct.	1,446,357	1,538,417	1,541,356
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	9,729	...	1,788
From 1st Jan. to 10th Oct	510,411	774,592	761,48.
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	837	1,530	3,83
From 1st Jan. to 10th Oct	134,492	145,309	144,834

WHEAT.—There has been a moderate demand for this staple from shippers throughout the week, and the feeling in the market was rather firm at the beginning of the week, and steady meantime, quotations remaining as follows:—

		per cwt.
White Pessy, 91 per cent....	Rs. 4-2-6	
Do. do. 85 " ...	4-1-6	"
No. 1 Cluo Delhi.....	" 3-13-0	"
Red Delhi	" 3-11-0	"
Hard Yellow	" 3-8-6	"
Red Ahmedabad	" 3-12-0	"
Hard Red.....	" 3-5-0	"

SEEDS have also been taken to a moderate extent since the date of our last weekly report, the tone of the market having latterly been firm. *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have fluctuated to some extent, this evening's closing quotations being as follows:—

Linseed.....	Rs. 7- 5-0 to 7- 7-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gunerat ..	6-14-0 to 6-15-0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore ..	6-10-0	"
Do. Red " ...	6- 4-0 to 6- 5-0	"
Gingelly White	" 40-0-0 to 41-0-0	per candy.
Do. Mixed.....	" 38-0-2 to 39-0-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the week	30,591	64,749	67,806
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	4,272,463	3,011,273	5,911,676
Linseed for the week.....	5,423	16,008	42,577
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	2,589,932	5,120,611	3,953,593
Rapeseed for the week...	2,805	7,802	20,459
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October.....	1,997,449	3,309,005	4,155,476
Gingelly seed for the week	23,002	14,827	23,337
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	781,075	783,028	995,059

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the week	41,533	5,028	34,000
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	2,388,901	1,537,094	4,421,278
Linseed for the week ...	32,618	999	1,500
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October.....	2,312,729	5,070,375	3,763,102
Rapeseed for the week...	...	6,003	4,018
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	1,688,993	3,077,426	3,827,052
Gingelly seed for the week	1,236	...	...
Do. from 1st Jan. to 10th October	1,038,688	891,499	1,135,979

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dholleras.....	4 1-16
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
2½ per cent. Consols	107 7-16
3 per cent. Reduced.....	100¾
3½ per cent. Local Loan...	118¼
3½ per cent Rupee Paper.....	62 3-8
Si	31 3-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £41,700,000; decrease, £1,100,000; public deposits, £5,300,000; decrease, £1,400,000; other deposits, £30,300,000; increase, £2,700,000; other securities, £35,100,000; decrease, £300,000; notes and gold, £31,800,000; decrease, £700,000. The Bank's reserve is 57 per cent. of the liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, OCT. 11.

THE P. and C. Co's s s Sutley extra left here at 10 a. m. yesterday.

COLOMBO, OCT. 11.

N. L. steamer Prinz Heinrich from Bremen arrived.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY.—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE.—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
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5 Fire at Colaba.—The Indore Minister.—The Poona Season.
6 Departure of the Transport Victoria.—Serious Disturbances at Benares.—Poona Arts' Exhibition.
7-8-9 SPORTING NEWS: The Cricket Season.—Bombay Gymkhana.—Poona Gymkhana.—Rifle Gun Competition.—Bombay Polo Tournament.—Royal Bombay Golf Club.—The L. N. Lancashire Sports.—Madras Races.
9-10 The Alleged Swindling of

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE NEWMARKET MEETING.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The race for the Middle Park Plate was run at Newmarket, this afternoon, with the following results:—

St. Frusquin	1
Omladina	2
Persimmon	3

JAPAN REDUCES THE CHINESE SUPPLEMENTARY INDEMNITY.

Advices from Tokio state that Japan has agreed to reduce the Supplementary Indemnity for the evacuation of the Leio-Tung Peninsula to thirty million taels, at the same time promising to evacuate the territory in question three months after payment.

CHINA AND THE WAR INDEMNITY.

China undertakes to pay very shortly the first instalment of the general war indemnity.

ANTI-REFORMIST OUTRAGE IN THE COREA.

A telegram from Yokobama states that a body of Anti-Reformists have invaded the Palace at Seoul, and, it is believed, killed the Queen.

The Japanese Minister has been sent to enquire into the matter.

THE TROOPING SERVICE.

The hired transport Dilwara sailed from Southampton, yesterday, for Bombay.

THE FRENCH VICTORY IN MADAGASCAR.

PARIS, Oct. 10.

France creates a stringent protectorate over Madagascar, and will garrison the capital with French troops. The Queen will be maintained by France, but the Premier is to be deported.

THE PORTE'S REPLY TO THE POWERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10.

The Porte, in reply to the Collective Note of the Powers, regarding the Armenian riots, promises to make an enquiry into the matter, and declares that the Armenians were the aggressors, and killed harmless Musulmans.

The Porte requests the Ambassadors to use their utmost endeavours to prevent intrigues, which have the object of creating graver troubles.

THE ARMENIAN RIOTS.

Oct. 11.

The Armenians have evacuated the churches which have lately been filled by fugitives.

AMERICA AND THE CUBAN REBELLION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.

The United States Government has notified to the Spanish Minister at Washington the necessity for Spain promptly crushing the rebellion in Cuba.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, Oct. 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Coromandel, with the homeward mails of the 5th instant, arrived here, at 6 p. m., to-day.

SUEZ, Oct. 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Valetta, with the outward mails of the 4th instant, left here, at 11 p. m., yesterday.

THE FINAL DECISION IN THE BAPAT CASE.

BAPAT DISMISSED THE SERVICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, Oct. 11.

The decision in the Bapat case has now been made known. The Chief Justice and Judicial Naib Dewan are unanimous in exculpating Bapat in the majority of cases. Those cases in which they differed were referred to a Parsee Judge of the Varisht Court. His Highness from an independent study of cases and an examination of papers withheld from the Commission, and in accordance with the opinion of the Minister and the highest judicial authorities in the State, has acquitted Bapat of the charges, but it has been deemed advisable to dismiss him from the State service.

The following is the full text of the decision :—

1. The Commission appointed to inquire into the charges of corruption and extortion preferred against Mr. Wasudev Sadashiv Bapat, Assistant to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, have submitted their report and proceedings to his Highness' Government.

2. The Commissioners have enquired into twelve charges of corruption and extortion. They have found eleven out of the twelve charges proved and one not proved. They have also inferred systematic corruption on the part of Mr. W. S. Bapat.

3. On receipt of the report and record, his Highness desired the Chief Justice of the Varisht Court and the Naib Dewan, Judicial Branch, to study the papers submitted by the Commission, together with the papers which were withheld from the Commissioners as confidential. On their submitting the result of their study of *all* the papers, his Highness in addition to his own independent study of the cases, discussed the evidence with the two officers and also with the Minister and a Judge of the Varisht Court.

4. Accepting in the majority of cases the unanimous advice of these four officers, and in the remaining cases the advice of three out of the four; and taking these and other reasons into consideration, his Highness has come to the conclusion that Mr. Wasudev Sadashiv Bapat be freed of the charges.

5. Looking, however, to all the circumstances connected with this affair, his Highness does not think it desirable that Mr. Wasudev Sadashiv Bapat should be retained any longer in the service of the State. His Highness, therefore, orders that his services be dispensed with, and that he be informed accordingly.

9th Oct., 1895. Acting Dewan,
(Sd.) Jeyshingrao Angria.

THE VICEROY.

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

It is notified that his Excellency the Viceroy reaches Calcutta in the Warren Hastings on the 13th December. His Excellency's arrival will be private, and there will therefore be no guard-of-honour. The Viceregal salute will, however, be fired, and his Excellency will be met by the Commissioner of Police and the Chairman of the Commissioners, Calcutta. On his arrival a Drawing Room will be held this year on the 19th December, and a Levee on the 16th December.

GENERAL BADCOCK.

The Government of India, to-day, sanctioned the appointment of General Badcock to succeed General Stedman as Quarter-master-General in India. Although the appointment has been submitted to the Secretary of State for sanction, Colonel Hughes will succeed General Badcock as Commissary-General.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Foreign Department—Berar Commission—The following Officers receive promotion : —Captains Colomb, Neig, and Clay.

Military Department.—It is published for general information that Sir Fowler, the late Secretary of State for India, concurs with the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief in their appreciation of the skilful manner in which General Lockhart conducted the operations in Waziristan.

Lieutenant G. Shephard is confirmed as Assistant, Staff Corps, *vice* B. Holbrooke.

The following Officers are appointed Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels :—P. Weir, P. Freyer, P. Hay, J. Lawtee, J. O'Neill, E. Ferrard, and F. Pedraza.

To be Surgeon-Majors.—J. Pratt, R. Shere, W. Bannerman, and H. Thomson.

Colonel Willoughby Brereton is admitted to the Colonel's allowance.

Military Works Department.—The following Officers received promotions :—Lieutenant-Colonels Broadbent, Spratt, and Lloyd.

Home Department.—The services of Brigade-Surgeon Hay and Surgeon-Captain Hejel are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

Brigade-Surgeon Hutchinson is appointed Officiating Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals.

Military Department.—Consequent on the death of Lieutenant-Colonel Browne, the following Officers will be in receipt of good service pensions :—Major-Generals Nicholson, Turnbull and Pemberton ; Colonels Ross, Anderson, Salloway, and Bomfrey.

Public Works Department.—Captain Tomlin is appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways.

R. Douglas is appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch.

J Wilkinson, Examiner of Accounts, retires from the service.

C. H. Currie is confirmed as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India.

J. Bredon is appointed Government Examiner of Accounts.

H. Monk, Superintending Engineer, is appointed Engineering Chief, Ghaziabad-Moradabad Railway Survey.

TARIFF DUTIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 11.

The duties on cotton-sewing thread will henceforth be levied *ad valorem*, instead of according to Tariff values. Alterations are made in Tariff values of certain descriptions of iron and steel.

THE KOTRI-KOHRI RAILWAY.

The Secretary of State has given sanction for the construction of the Kotri-Kohri Railway at a cost of Rs. 22,47,000.

THE BERAR COTTON CROP.

The returns of the cotton crop in Berar for the Berar season of 1895 are distinctly discouraging.

CRICKET.

The cricket match between the Parsee Baronet Club and Simla was concluded this evening, the latter winning easily with ten wickets to spare.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

POONA, Oct. 11.

Military Works Department—Second-Lieutenant Chester, R.E., on arrival in India, is posted to Mhow Division, Military Works, as an attached Officer.

With reference to Bombay Army Order, Captain Savile, 2nd Middlesex Regiment, having been relieved of his appointment as officiating Station Staff Officer, at Nasirabad, by Major Milton, on return from sick leave to England, is hereby directed to rejoin his Battalion.

Under instructions from Army Head-quarters, it is notified that a suit of plain clothes (including cap) referred to in G. O. C. C., No. 838, of 1895, should be supplied locally, at a cost not exceeding Rs. 22 per suit, which should be recovered on contingent bills, as in the case of convicts.

Lieutenant Roome, 2nd Middlesex Regiment, is detailed for duty with the Regimental Depot.

The undermentioned Officers are reported to have completed a special course of instruction at the Central Gymnasium, Poona, and have obtained certificates as stated against their names :—

Lieutenant Deas, 2nd K. O. Y. L., 1st class certificate ; Lieutenant Britten, 10th Bombay Infantry, 1st class certificate ; and Second-Lieutenant Wingate, 2nd R. Scots, 1st class certificate.

Under instructions from the Army Head-quarters in India the undermentioned Honorary Commissioned and Warrant Officers of the Ordnance Department, belonging to the establishment of the Queen's Arsenal, and borne on the Bengal Unattached List, are transferred to the Bombay Unattached List, with effect from the 1st April, 1895 :—Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Newell; Conductor Dwyer ; Conductor Holland ; and Sub-Conductor Chutwin.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty :—Lieutenant Southey, Squadron Officer, 7th Bombay Lancers, for one year. (Pension service ninth year commenced from the 5th February, 1895.)

The undermentioned have leave of absence :—7th Hussars—Lieutenant Brook, 4 months, on private affairs, out of India.

Royal Lancers Regiment (2nd Battalion)—Quartermaster and Honorary Captain O'Neill, on pending retirement, out of India.

Indian Nursing Service—Deputy Superintendent Dora M. Moore and Isabella E. Stanistreet, 12 months, out of India.

THE DHULIA RIOTS.

CONVICTION OF THE ACCUSED MEN.

(FROM CORRESPONDENTS.)

DHULIA, Oct. 11.

Judgment was delivered, this morning, by Mr. Du Boulay, I.C.S., in the case in which several Mahomedans were charged with rioting and being members of an unlawful assembly. Four of the prisoners were convicted and sentenced to imprisonment, and one man fined. The first accused Makhansahab *valad* Bhurashab was also convicted of assaulting Head Constable Pandurang Luxman in the discharge of his duty. He was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment ; Iman *valad* Mal Khan and Rifu *valad* Khid Momin to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment ; and Abdool Kharim *valad* Hoosein-ud-din to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Abdul Aziz was fined two hundred rupees, in default of payment to suffer fifteen days' simple imprisonment. The magistrate, in a lengthy finding, rejected the story about the Collector having ordered the police to fire, and relying on the evidence of the first five witnesses for the Crown, convicted the accused. The court-house was crowded with Mahomedans, who assembled to hear the judgment.

THE HONOURABLE MR. TILAK.

NASIK, Oct. 11.

The citizens of Nasik assembled, last evening, in an unusually large public meeting, Mr. Parashram Vishnu Yogi presiding. The president, on behalf of the meeting, presented a *manpatra* to the Honourable Mr. Balgungadhar Tilak. The Honourable Mr. Tilak then addressed the audience in eloquent terms. After the distribution of *pan-supari*, the meeting dissolved.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

The fact that there was only a difference of four strokes in the net scores of the first eleven out of the thirty-two competitors in yesterday's handicap match shows how carefully the handicapping was performed. Messrs. Du Plinston (50—10=40), C. R. A. English (49—3=40) tied for first honours, and Messrs. C. H. S. Boggs, with an allowance of a single stroke, and M. F. Reid (scratch) tied for third place, Mr. Reid's 41 being the lowest actual score for the day. Dr. Macdonald and Mr. Boggs each had an actual score of 42, Mr. Nicholson coming next with 43, and Mr. R. C. Wroughton with 45. There were four players with a net aggregate of 43, three of 44, four of 46, and the same number with a net score of 47. The record for the new course still remains at 41. The following are the detailed scores of the competition :—

		Score.	Handicap.	Net Score.
1	G C Plinston	50	–10	40
	R A English	49	–9	40
3	C H S Boggs	42	+1	41
	M F Reid	41	Sc.	41
	E F Nicholson	43	Sc.	43
	M W Fisher	47	+4	43
	D MacDonald	42	+1	43
	V E Booth	48	–5	43
9	H Merry-weather	51	–7	44
	R W Smith	48	–4	44
	W L Harvey	48	–4	44
12	C W Houghton	45	Sc.	45
	J M Heyn	51	–7	46
	P F Fischer	49	–3	46
13	H S Reid	52	–6	46
	A E Hirst	50	–4	46
	R W Playfair	51	–4	47
16	A Stephen	52	–5	47
	A C Owen	57	–10	47
	G W Talbot	50	–3	47
21	E B Balks	48	Sc.	48
	J H Robinson	56	–7	49
	H Cheetham	58	–9	49
22	C B Nixon	57	–8	49
	B F Jones	52	–3	49
	J A Grant	57	–7	50
	L J Robertson	50	+1	51
27	H R Gr aves	56	–5	51
29	J B Peterkin	54	–2	52

Rev R M Gray and Messrs. Jardine and T Sharples did not play

* Tied for first and second prizes.

† Tied for third prize. The ties will be played off during the coming week.

AFFINITIES MATCH.

This morning an Affinities Handicap Match for ladies and gentlemen in pairs will be played, the first and second prize going to the ladies only. Gentlemen are to drive off from the first tee. Ladies may ground their clubs wherever the ball may lie, but otherwise the rules and local rules must be observed. The handicapping for the match is as under :—

1	Miss Humphrey and Peterkin	Scratch
	Miss Brownson and H Cheetham	–15
2	Mrs Plinston and G C Plinston	–12
	Miss Prentice and F H Brown	–16
3	Mrs Hatch and M Reed	Scratch
	Mrs Chitty and E B Balkes	Scratch
4	Miss Clerk and St Paul	Scratch
	Miss L Pedraza and Webster	–12
5	Mrs Macbeth and Dr Macdonald	Scratch
	Mrs Shaw and R B Nixon	–7
6	Miss Miller and L J Robertson	–7
	Miss Pedraza and A Stephen	–10

PARTIAL COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING AT WALKESHWAR.

Yesterday, the porch of a bungalow, situated at Narayen Dabulker Street, at Walkeshwar, collapsed without a moment's notice, injuring five persons, who were engaged in doing some masonry work under the porch. The bungalow, an old one, was recently purchased by Mr. Vandrawandas Rawji, who had it repaired and renovated to a certain extent. An upper gallery and round verandah was constructed, and the work of renovation had very nearly reached completion, when suddenly the porch fell down yesterday, slightly injuring three women and two men, who were taken to the J. J. Hospital, but were allowed to go home after their injuries had been attended to. The accident appears to have been due to some defect in the construction of the gallery. There was nothing to find fault with in the materials used, but to all appearances the defect lay in the work itself. The Acting Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Snow, on receiving information respecting the accident, repaired to the bungalow, and by his direction a photographer of the porch and the bungalow was taken. Mr. Marzban, Executive Engineer, Mr. Tomlinson, and Mr. Pandlik Ganesh also visited the place. Acting Superintendent Holdway and Inspector Hemming likewise attended, and it was by their direction that the men were taken to the hospital.

WHAT WOMEN ARE DOING.

(FROM OUR LADY-CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.

As the weeks go by they pile up great records of heroism in danger, of phenomenal courage and intrepid recklessness of life, but few facts come home to us as nearly as the terrible story of the fire on the steamer Iona and the sublime self-sacrifice of the young stewardess, Miss Edith Ledenham, who nobly risked and lost her life in the effort to save the lady passengers and the little child committed to her care. There is some uncertainty as to how the fire broke out, and why the victims all were women. A little spirit lamp and kettle found near one of the bodies, suggest the theory that the outbreak may have been caused by overturning the methylated spirit. But this is only conjecture. All that is certain is that the stewardess escaped first from the burning cabin, but recollecting the little child who had been given into her charge, returned and perished. She was found with the child's hand clasped in hers—sacrificed to her splendid sense of duty.

***

Of all the occupations which fall to women's lot that of stewardess is the least seductive. It requires the soul of a sister of charity and the constitution of a Sandow to live through the daily and nightly horrors that we all, with more or less callousness, impose upon her. To most of us in fact the stewardess is a piece of cabin furniture, not exactly a fixture like the couches and swing lamps, but a machine on the half crown in the slot principle to be used or overlooked as occasion prompts. If the sea is rough, the stewardess must minister unto us with all the servility of a slave, bathing our aching brows with *Eau de Cologne* and moisten ing our parched lips with brandy. But once in the smooth water of the harbour a cool nod and a niggard shilling is all that her hard night's services are valued at. Now that Miss Ledenham's beautiful devotion to duty has made us realize that a stewardess has a personality, a soul capable of the divinest sacrifice, to lay down her life for another, it will be strange indeed if the uncongenial work which fate has allotted to her sister stewardesses is not more graciously appreciated and rewarded by better-off women.

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The Seine has this week given up one more sad secret of woman's failure in the struggle for life. The meagre pitiful details of the story are told by the frail, ill-nourished body of a young girl of twenty-five or so, washed up near the Trocadero—one hand tightly holding a plait of hair, her own ; as her head covered with a handkerchief had been recently close clipped. Evidently reduced to this last resource by desperate want and failing to find a purchaser, she ended her troubles and her life in the river. It is horrible to think of the straits that drove this creature to death or want of a helping hand or sympathetic advice. Paris is full of charitable institutions. Clergymen of all denominations, sisterhoods, and Christian associations abound, and yet there is no one to whom a poor girl can go for help without inquiry or red-tape investigation. Organization is death to charity.

***

The middle-class Englishwoman may, with some justice, as we think, resent a few passages in M. Filon's recent article in the *Revue de Paris* wherein he, dealing ostensibly with the part she has played in Socialism, wanders off into the general question of her social competency. A writer would be almost more than man could be keep, on such a subject, from drawing comparisons between his own and foreign nations, and we certainly do not expect that M. Filon should be superhuman enough to give the palm to us, seeing that the morality of Auguste Comte, by which we are each to regard ourselves as an insignificant cell in the great organism of creation, has hardly spread to individuals, not to mention races. But we, English readers, ourselves somewhat of the earth, earthy, are offended at being told sweepingly that the women of our middle-class, in contradistinction to the French, know rather how to spend than to save or to make money, that few of us know how to sew, still fewer to cook, that our rooms are untidy, and that we are rarely to be found in our homes, but spend our days shopping, seeing friends or walking in the park. Now part of the accusation may apply to a section of young Englishwomen, but it is only to a very small one nowadays ; and if we on our side were to judge of French feminity by microscopic divisions we might assure M. Filon that the homes of half Paris empty themselves into the Magazins du Sovre and the Bon Marche'. Also, relying on the assertions of certain friends who have married into Parisian families, we might believe that Fr nch women, brilliant as they at first appear, know nothing—absolutely nothing—of life, not to that our own feeling of injury at inaccurate sweeping accounts of ourselves, makes us chary of drawing inferences from second-hand limited experiences. We should likewise say, to judge superficially, that the ordinary Frenchwoman, far from saving, spends all her money on dress ; that she, naturally enough, prefers to sit and chat with her husband and friends at a restaurant, rather than see to the cooking of the family dinner at home ; however we willingly admit that M. Filon, in his apotheosis of his country women's domestic qualities, knows as much of the hidden middle-class life that shows not in cafés or on boulevards, as we do of our own, and we are quite happy to hear, being told a week even before we are English, that the French wife is often her husband's superior, and ends by becoming his master. But when M. Filon dwells upon the love that springs from the tie of children and on the energy which young French couples expend in building a nest for their little ones, we think also of the many English homes known to us where the mother never rests from early morning till the pattering little feet are tucked up at night in their cots, and where the father after office hours and on hard-earned holidays takes up his share of the burthen. It seems to us, possibly because we spread the word "middle-class" over a wider area than M. Filon contemplates, that our sisters are if anything too much given to saving and putting tidy, and cooking ; and surely the fact that enters into his comparative statistics, that Englishwomen, though often committing suicide for love, but rarely kill themselves for poverty, points to their being not absolutely the self-helpless creatures a reader of the *Revue de Paris* might suppose.

***

A few years ago there was a story published by a young Swedish authoress Miss Elin Ameen which opened up a discussion on a mother's right to kill her infant. The plot of Miss Ameen's story as told in the *Review of Reviews* was very thrilling. A young wife, happy in her husband and in the hope of motherhood is suddenly widowed by one of those appalling accidents that are common to those who have to earn their bread by toil. At first the blow prostrates her entirely. There is no more good in life. But little by little she recovers and the thought of her baby and the comfort it will be, sustains her until it is born. Then her worst sorrow comes upon her. The child is a hopeless cripple. It will never be like other women's children. It will never enjoy life. So at length her supreme mother-love conquers all other feelings. She gently and mercifully snuffs out the little life, and stifles the anguish of her own heart with the thought, "But I have released my child."

***

Miss Elizabeth Robins, the clever impersonator of Ibsen's "N ra" dramatized Miss Ameen's story, "Released," changing the title to "Allan's Wife" the *role* she played on its presentation at the Independent theatre. Miss Elin Ameen has now herself made "Released" into a play under the title "A Mother" which more truly accentuates the motive as it lies in the act of the mother not the wife. A very little change in the last act in the special difference ; but it is expected that Miss Robins will revive the play as written by the author as soon as possible.

***

One of the points raised in the discussion on the theory of infanticide being allowable under certain conditions was that mother-love in ordinary cases makes child murder impossible. A case disproving this was tried at Berlin Assizes this week. A locksmith's wife was charged with having caused the death of her two children by suffocating them with coal gas. The children had it seems suffered from an inherited disease which had caused almost total blindness. The mother grieved deeply over this, though her husband did everything, to make her resigned. But she secretly determined to commit suicide with her children and thus like "Allan's Wife" release them from their future misery. Her plan succeeded as far as the children were concerned, but she was revised and had to stand her trial. The verdict of the jury was unanimous. They declared her "not guilty" which met with the warmest approval of the public in court.

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Those who are interested in the sex question on its light, amusing side, not the gruesome physiological studies that are thrust upon us so recklessly and ruthlessly by all sorts and conditions of men and women, should read the papers in this month's *Idler* on the question "Should Man be woman's God ?" The first article by Miss Florence Warden, supports the theory that humanity needs a god. All, she claims is equality. Woman to be worshipped by man and *vice versa*. It does not very much matter she thinks, if the idol is an indifferent make-shift kind of a deity, nor whether glamour that envelopes it is evanescent. "Many a man," she says, "has received the impetus which made him a worker instead of a drone from a woman with nothing more salient about her than the fact of her sex. It was his own imagination, his own ideal, centred by caprice in that particular figure, which inspired him, which lit the fires. And the women for whom men have ruined themselves, were they the less idols, goddesses, that their influence was evil."

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"Terrible instances," Miss Warden continues, "have been known of the woman being inspired by the man to make herself more worthy of him. She tries to improve her intelligence, which is the last thing he wants of her, a capacity for admiring him at a distance being generally the most that a man requires of a woman in that respect . . . And peace for him only comes when this enthusiasm has passed away. On the whole, Miss Warden concludes that woman makes a god of man less often than he pays that compliment to her. From their relative position—she as the sheltered, the protected, the paid for—he as the holder of the umbrella, the payer of the rent, of the reckoning—there is as much outward dutifulness and humility on her side which is counterbalanced by an inward feeling that he is unduly stringy with the £5 notes. Woman, too, being less sensual, less passionate, than the man, is more apt to content herself with the worship conducted by the Vicar, and not so prone to go about in search of less remote deities."

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The Rev. T. W. M. Lund carries on the argument without committing himself to any very decided answer. "Is it in her power to be anything else," he asks, "than a replica, an imitation, an echo of man. And then he expounds his views on woman's sphere, which are altogether opposed to the possibility of man idolatry. According to the Rev. Lund, woman has a whole range of important and peculiar functions all her own which give rise to emotions, aspirations, ideas, which men are utterly unable to conceive. This realm furnishes her with ideals of great magnitude, nobility and beauty. Man has his own kingdom, though a far less mysterious and wide-reaching one than woman's, and together they complete the empire of humanity.

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Then Mr. Lund proceeds to show how little woman depends on man in her own special domain how much wiser, more experienced she has become, in the process of motherhood than man can fathom. Man forgets that woman was his mother, and the mother of his children. He forgets too that all the children, male and female, who are to renew the earth, till it, rule it, bless it, or curse it, owe nearly all they have, of character and direction, to their mother. She has had a free hand in their training, and to her initiation and her ideals is due whatever they become in after life. Not one father in a hundred has a say in the matter owing to the force of circumstances. In this great function of child management, woman is thrown upon her own instincts, resources and originality, and" continues Mr. Lund "I venture to say, that were she to depend entirely on man for guidance and imitation, she would make a terrible mess of the biggest business in the world.

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"If woman does not worship man," says Mr. Coulson Kernahan, "it is man's fault, not woman's. Women are born worshippers. It is they who have kept religion alive amongst us. They are always looking for someone to set on a pedestal. When they are children it is their father or brother, when they are older it is somebody el e's brother—or failing that, a popular preacher, a High Church curate, a poet, a novelist, sometimes even a distantly worshipped actor. Then it is the accepted lover, the husband, and finally the baby." After this Miss Bulan says : Man shall not be woman's god ; Mr. Bennett Coll, too, says : No. Then Miss Ewereth Lawrence says : "By all means yes ; and Mr. Alden says : Of course a woman ought to adopt man's ideals.

LITERATURE IN KUCHPERWANIPUR.

A CORRESPONDENT writes :—A co-operative store having been started at Kuchperwanipur, a largely-attended meeting was held in the spacious hall of the V. M. A. there, the other day, in order to establish a library in connection with it. Brothers Chadband and Stiggins came up specially from Bombay at considerable inconvenience to themselves. The chair was taken by Mr. Uriah Heep, supported by Mr. Pecksniff. There was a very large attendance, in which the fair sex predominated. Mr. Heep opened the proceedings by introducing brothers Chadband and Stiggins to the assembly, and announced business by saying that as a humble individual, he felt the great honour done him in asking him to preside. His wished the honour had fallen on better and abler shoulders, as his friend, Mr. Pecksniff, for instance, who came forward and bowed with his hand on his heart. The chief business before the meeting was to approve of the choice of books and authors. This was taken up alphabetically. Ainsworth, Austey, Anstey, Braddon, Bret Harte, Besant, Bocaccio, Cooper, Conway, Collins, Cervantes, Cameron, Craik, Cockton, Dumas and Defoe were accepted without discussion, the name of Dickens evoked a storm of discussion. Messrs. Chadband and Stiggins objected ; they could not recommend Dickens. He was too coarse and prurient, and no one's wife, daughter, or sister could read him without a blush to their responsibilities. They regretted to say they had been maligned by the author, even their worthy president, Mr. Heep, as also their vice-president, the good Mr. Pecksniff, had not escaped the unsavoury lash of Dickens. (Hear, hear, and applause.) Mr. Squeers next came forward, and said he agreed in every word with what Brothers Chadband and Stiggins had stated, and he appealed to the honorable and moral feelings of Christian parents and guardians, and trusted they would not allow such a ribald author in their houses or libraries. With tears in his eyes, he added that his inn contained nothing even approaching Dickens. His honourable friend, Mr. Pecksniff's accomplished daughters Mercy and Charity (" groan, hisses, catcalls, and amens"). Miss Fanny Squeers who was elegantly dressed in a white muslin frock, blue bandles, watch and fringe, next objected to Tennyson and Rider Haggard. Miss Sally Lunn objected to Mrs. Henry Wood and dubbed Kipling, and the Misses Peckniff to Shelley, Keats, Scott, Lytton, and Burns. The rising generation being appealed to, Master Thomson, the best behaved boy in the station, who never climbed a tree or rode a donkey, stated he wanted Jules Verne and Robinson Crusoe, but hoped that all grammars and geographies would be burnt. To this a rider was proposed by Master Caxton that all school-masters and mistresses be thrash d. As this was irregular in the extreme it was promptly suppressed and young Caxton expelled, d "dashing his buttons," &c., amid a storm of applause. Driver Bowser next stepped forward in professional top, soaked in oil and grease, with a lump of cotton waste sticking out of his waistcoat pocket, and a sealskin cap on his head. Amid cries of "go it Joey" from his friends and admirers Cuttle stated that he agreed with Miss Sally Lunn, that Rider Haggard was no good. No fellow could understand him. He had tried to read his jungle stories, but got his brains muddled and puzzled with 'Mowgli' and 'Akala,' and other outlandish names. " Soldiers three" might pass, but the others were rubbish. Then Cuttle and his Missus ever laughed over was the stopping of troops on the line of march by a commissariat elephant, term on." The Misses Pecksniff here blushed, and Miss Squeers called out order. The Infant population being appealed to, Mrs. Glover wright's baby, the quietest and best in the station, wanted cloth books of Humpty Dumpty, and Rider a cock, horse, &c., while Mrs. Salmon's baby deferred settling anything, till he grew bigger and could talk properly what he thought in his mouth. After a deal of freelevant discussion the different propositions were put to the vote, but at this stage Brother Stiggins had to be removed by Sam Weller and Mark Tapley, the latter murmuring "Rum go is jolly." Amongst the honest persons were one just returned from the princely hospitalities of Akalkot, an evening paper gentleman, and my humble self just come from the Seens Bridge disaster. In a quiet and far corner of the ladies' gallery looking down timid, sorrowful, and astonished were Kate Nickleby, Ruth Pinch, Little Nell, Florence Dombey, and Caddy Jellyby. We were glad also to notice the genial presence of Wilkins Micawber. Old Turveydrop, Tommy Wellber, and Alfred Jingle. Amongst the ladies Sairey Gamp, Mrs. Harris, and Mrs. Bardell were conspicious. We must not omit to mention also that Mr. Toots was there, also the Cheerybles, Tim Linkinwater, Tom Pinch add Bob Sawyer. The wind was decidedly east that day. Hearing the uproar, Chinn-sammy, the co-operative store waiter, asked what it was all about, and being told Dickens was objected to, was surprised. He said, he gone one time to England and with Colonel Dickens—God bless him, he very good gentleman. On the meeting being dissolved, Driver Cuttle and his friends adjourned to Muncherjee's to refresh themselves.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Clyde, Captain H. T. Weigholl, will sail to-day, for London, Brindisi, and Aden, with the English mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Abdool Aziz Sawaya, Mr
Bhai, Mr K V
Begum Jan Barolliwalla
Macerlich, Mrs
Muddikhan Sawaya, Mr
O'Connor, Mr Scott
Payne, Lieut J H
Raghunath Abajee Bhise, Prof
Salem Hussein Sawaya, Mr
Stanley, Mr H J
Syed Imam Syed Hussein, Mr
Twemlow, Mr
Vazir Jan Barolliwalla

FOR BRINDISI.

Gwynne, Capt T H
Langdon, Lieut
Macpherson, Mr S
McNair, Mrs S
Nicholson, Mr R F
Orr, Lieut C W J
Wingate, Mr T B

FOR ADEN.

Price, Mr T H
Schroff, Mr D C
Shaik Abdool Razak, wife and five children

ARRIVAL OF H. M. S. PLASSEY.

Her Majesty's steamer Plassey, under the command of Lieutenant-Commander C. W. Leggatt, arrived in harbour, last evening, from Muscat. The Plassey left Bombay on the 24th of May last, and went to Karachi, where she remained till 11th September, when she proceeded to Bahrein, thence to Zubara, and returned to Bahrein. After remaining there few days, she proceeded to Bushire, thence to Muscat, where she took in coals, and after a day's stay left for Bombay on the 7th instant. The disturbances at Bahrein are over now, and over one hundred boats that were captured during the bombardment of the Island of Zabara are in charge of H. M. S. Pigeon, which is lying at Bahrein They will be handed over to Sheik Jashum shortly. Her Majesty's steamers Pigeon and Sphinx are in the Gulf, but the latter is expected here shortly to undergo the usual repairs. The Plassey had a fine passage.

ARRIVAL OF THE LAWRENCE.

The Royal Indian Marine Steamer Lawrence, under the command of Captain W Mitchell, arrived in harbour yesterday afternoon, from Bushire, which port she left on the 4th instant. She left Bombay on the 25th May last, and since then has been cruising up the Gulf, and has come here for usual repairs ; she will remain in port till the 25th instant, and then will again leave for Bushire. She has brought two men, three women, and a child (pauper) as passengers.

In order to provide a larger number of men from from which selections can be made, recruiting for the corps of 300 Punjabi Mahomedans, to be sent to East Africa, has been extended to the Baluchistan regiments of Bombay Infantry, which enlist that class of sepoys to some extent.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, Sept. 20.

"The life of a book," said a publisher to me the other day, "is so short." He sighed ; I sighed. It is a melancholy thing to reflect upon the brief life that is here the portion of most books ; it is more melancholy when we reflect that immortality is possible. The Calvinistic doctrine of the extremely limited number of the elect applies without question to the published book. "Go forth," says Fate to the book just about to be issued ; "go forth, my dear ; I shall not tell you what I have in store for you. Perhaps you will live for ever ; perhaps you will live for a hundred years ; perhaps you will live for ten years ; perhaps you will live for a season ; perhaps you will perish instantly. Since your publisher thinks you good enough to be produced, it is probable that you will be ready by at least a few hundred people. Go forth then, and face your destiny." So the book is produced, and it runs its course, in all probability, brief and undistinguished. "The life of a book is so short." Yes, happy the book that survives its first year. How many books were published last year ? Six thousand ! How many are in demand this year ? We can count them on our fingers. We are now on the eve of another publishing "season." As soon as I get back to town I am going to collect all the "announcements," and I will then venture on a little prophecy. Meantime there are two considerations which may console the parent of the short-lived book. The first is the fact, which he probably does not know, that out of a list of five hundred then living authors issued a hundred years ago, nearly a quarter of them—over one hundred—are still remembered. There is a kind of limited immortality for you. One's name may last for a hundred years. The next, and much the more important, consideration is this. To instruct, to inspire, to amuse your own generation—or only a small part of the huge body of English-speaking readers—even for a single season, is a very great achievement. As for posterity, it will certainly have its own writers. We should be contented with the applause and the approval of our contemporaries. Brief life is here the portion of a book. Let it be a merry life, a useful life, a worthy life. "I shall not wholly die," says the Author in every age. Dear Author, you certainly will, unless you are one in a thousand millions. Why, your last book, which the critics praised and the people bought, is dead already, past the power of revival—and it only came out a year ago. Of past Authors, quite as good as you, what survives ? Here and there perhaps one book. Be content—live and work your best for your own generation ; do not think of posterity at all ; when you die we will—to oblige you—write on your tombstone that you were once a poet ; the monument will, in an incredibly brief space of time, become illegible, but not more illegible than your immortal works. But you have, perhaps, pleased and taught your own generation in your own brief portion. Therefore we thank you and we love you.

I have before me, however, an old, old book—so old that it is probably quite forgotten. It is apparently the first edition ; perhaps there have been many editions since this was first published. The acclamations—if there were any—with which it was received are clean forgotten long ago ; a hundred popular favourites have run their course since this little book came out ; they have run their course and are in their turn forgotten. For, my friends, the book is no less than forty years old ; four-and-twenty long months have passed over the now venerable pow since first this book appeared. I doubt if any of us can carry the memory of a book so far back. I found it in a heap of old books, yellow and faded with age, and I took it with me on a railway journey ; and was struck by the power of the book that I forgot everything on that journey, which lasted two hours. Yet it is only a little shilling book. It contains only half a dozen short stories, every one more grim and ghostly than the one that went before. Its title is "Grim Tales," and its author is Mr. E. Nesbit. I wonder if the author has written any more stories like these. Meantime, if he is wise in his generation, the next time he comes with other sheaves of golden grain like unto this sheaf, he would do well to make his book a little longer, and to try for a six shilling "Boom," which is, I am told, the dream of the modern novelist. He and his publisher are said to be continually on their knees together, praying fervently for a "Boom." Send down, O generous Apollo, send down, we humbly pray thee, not bays, but Booms. Apollo, I am told, is displeased. He says that immortality (or the belief in immortality, which is the same thing) he can grant ; and bays ; and fame ; and to be pointed out by the finger of the multitude ; but as for Booms—no. There you must excuse him, if you please. Let poets and novelists, he says, supplicate Fortune, not him. Fortune it is who bestows the Boom ; not Apollo. I have made a note of this admonition for personal use.

I was yesterday looking over the pages of "Martin Chuzzlewit," a book which surely contains all the faults as well as all the virtues of its author, when my mind went suddenly back to the period when the woes of the governess were a stock subject for the novelist. I read the burning yet self-restrained words of that amazing character Tom Pinch, and my mind went back, I say, to the old-fashioned governess of the novel. She was downtrodden, she was despised, the servants insulted her, she was bullied—do you remember ? Most of the novelists produced her in that guise ; Dickens and Charlotte Bronte, for example. She was used to stimulate wrath

NEWS OF THE DAY.

As already briefly reported their Excellencies Lord and Lady Elgin, Lord Sandhurst, and many visitors from Simla witnessed the service practice of one of the Mountain Batteries at Jutogh on last Friday evening. The six screw guns of the battery fired "16 ring shell and 48 shrapnel in rapid fire" at two targets representing batteries "in action" at 1,750 and 1,150 yards range, making respectively 36 and 110 "hits" at each target. Owing to the hard and sloping surface of the ground on which the battery was in action, the guns nearly turned somersaults after each round, and to the spectators the scene was full of excitement and confusion. The 64 rounds were fired in less than a quarter of an hour.

In the district of Ferozepur last year twenty thousand head of cattle died of rinderpest. Eighty-four thousand were attacked with anthrax, and of these eleven thousand died. The figures in other Punjab districts are comparatively small, and are attributed to faulty notification.

Work on the Chuah Khel-Dhana road over the Suleiman Range, which will facilitate communications between the Zhob Valley and the Derajat, is steadily proceeding. The detachment of the 40th Pathans at Mari Khwab has been ordered to remain there until the road is complete.

The Bareilly Camp-of-Instruction will take place on December 21st and following days, instead of in November. The Hampshire Regiment and a wing of the Scottish Rifles from Shahjahanpur, together with the 1st Battalion 3rd Gurkhas, in place of the 9th Gurkhas, will attend.

General Kinloch made over charge of the Peshawar District on the 6th instant, leaving the same day for Karachi, whence he sails *en route* for England on the 14th instant, Colonel Elles, who succeeds him, leaves Simla for Peshawar on the 11th instant.

According to reports of the Agricultural Department, Bengal, the indigo crop, so far as regards out-turn of plant, has been very good in Behar and fair in Bengal. The season is reported, however, to have been bad for manufacture in Behar, and the out-turn of indigo has probably been less than that of last year. The general *bhadoi* crops for the year throughout Bengal are set down at fifteen annas, or the same as last year.

Major-General Stedman arrived in Simla on Tuesday, and resumed the duties of Quartermaster-General the following day. Colonel Ian Hamilton, Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief, and Captain Kambell, D. A. Q. M. G. for Mobilisation, returned to Army Headquarters from Nowshera with General Stedman.

In regard to the recent disturbance at Benares we now have it on the authority of the Magistrate that the report current in the city—which, it will be remembered, we received with reserve—that the police were, "assisted by city budmashes armed with lathis," is "absolutely incorrect"; and that none of the sepoys sustained any injuries. This, of course, disposes of what appeared one of the most unaccountable and objectionable features in the affair. It is also stated that the police had no hint of what was likely to occur.

Nothing has yet been made known regarding Sir Alexander Mackenzie's successor on the Viceroy's Council, though the decision may be expected daily. When, however, Sir Antony MacDonnell takes over charge in the N.-W. Provinces at the beginning of next month, Mr. Alan Cadell, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, will be appointed an Additional Member of the Legislative Council—a compliment which provincial opinion will certainly not regard as an exaggerated recognition of Mr. Cadell's services since he took the helm from Sir Charles Crosthwaite.

The Indian Polo Association propose to give a Champion Challenge Cup, value £100, to be played for annually during the Lucknow Spring Race Meeting. The Stewards of the Lucknow Race Fund have promised to give a cup value Rs. 1,000, for the winning team each year. The tournament will be open to teams composed of members of any polo club belonging to the Indian Polo Association; also to teams from Natives States that are honorary members of that Association. Various polo clubs are being consulted regarding the establishment of this champion tournament for all India, and their cordial assent to doubtless be accorded.

A correspondent at Port Blair says that two cyclones lately passed over the Andamans. "A big one wandered aimlessly about the Bay, and a second was sent off in the direction of Rangoon." The first was doubtless that which recurved on Calcutta. The writer adds:—"It would be to the interest of the shipping world to have a telegraph cable to this place, for we could then give Calcutta and Madrastbree or four days' warning of impending cyclones. But I suppose nothing will be done in the matter without an agitation from home. You speedily expect the Government of India to do it, considering that the cost would be £70,000." Nor does the writer wish to see the income-tax raised.

Indian Municipal questions are attracting considerable attention in England. The "Surveyor and Municipal Engineer," published in London, is very severe upon both Calcutta and Bombay. "Dr. Simpson, the medical officer," we read, "in a recent report to the Calcutta Municipality, bitterly complains that Mr. Baldwin Latham's recommendations as to the sewerage have been neglected. It seems that the outfall is obstructed by tidal influences, and there is serious pollution of the soil owing to leakage. The result is that the death-rate is leaping up alarmingly. It is certainly of little use to secure the advice of an expert like Mr. Latham and then to neglect to follow it." Among the municipal sins of Bombay are deficient flushing of drains and the waste of water which is leading to the formation of swamps.

At the Calcutta High Court, on Monday, before Justices Ghose and Hill, Mr. Morison appealed, on behalf of a lad of fourteen years and six months, against his conviction and sentences of twelve months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 passed upon him by the Joint Magistrate of Mozufferpur. Counsel said that the evidence against his client, if believed, only went to show that the boy had struck a crippled leper on the back with a tulwar, inflicting a very slight wound. This was in the course of a riot, after he himself had been assaulted with lathis, and the only injury which made the offence a case of grievous hurt, a broken tooth, was inflicted by somebody else. He admitted that the sentence, having regard to the lad, was excessively severe, especially as he could not be expected that the boy should pay the fine. In rejecting Justice Ghose said that, even if the sentence of eighteen months was not, in his opinion, more than [illegible]

MILITARY NEWS.

The Warren Hastings left Rangoon with the Wiltshires and details on the 5th, and the Dalhousie, with a detachment of the Worcestershire, on the 7th instant.

Under instructions received from the Horse Guards, Captain S. L. Murray, 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders is directed to proceed to England and join the 2nd Battalion, to which he has been posted.

Colonel St. J. F. Michell, Assistant Quartermaster-General, Punjab Command, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Adjutant-General, Punjab Command, with effect from 19th September 1895, vice Brigadier-General W. G. Nicholson, C. B., proceeded on sixty days' privilege leave.

The following postings are ordered:—Veterinary-Captain F. Raymond, from Nowshera to Bareilly for duty. Veterinary-Lieutenant F. Eassie, A. V. D. from Cherat to Bangalore for duty. Veterinary-Lieutenant A. E. Clarke's A. V. D., services have been placed at the disposal of Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department, from 1st September 1895.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave out of India. Indian Medical Service.—Surgeon-Lieutenant G. T. Birdwood, for 12 months on medical certificate. Royal Artillery.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. Aitken, for 60 days from 26th September. Royal Engineers.—Captain A. J. H. Swiney, for six months on medical certificate. 1st Battalion East Kent Regiment.—Lieutenant A. G. Trollope, for twelve months on private affairs. Lieutenant W. A. Eaton, for twelve months on private affairs. 1st Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps. Lieutenant L. B. Cumberland, for twelve months on private affairs. Captain and Adjutant A. R. Montague-Stuart-Wortly, for four months on private affairs. Lieutenant W. Barnet, for twelve months on private affairs. 2nd Battalion Seaforth Highlanders.—Lieutenant H. M. Blair for twelve months on private affairs. Lieutenant C. P. E. Radcliffe, twelve months on private affairs. 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade.—Captain the Hon'ble H. Yarde-Buller, for twelve months on private affairs. Royal Artillery.—Lieutenant C. J. Blunt, No. 8 Mountain Battery, from 1st October 1895 to 30th June 1896, or from date of availing himself of it. Staff Corps.—Captain F. J. H. Wyeth, 37th Dogras and Lieutenant P. H. Wintle, 30th Punjab Infantry, for one year. Lieutenant D. H. Drake-Brockman, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, Commissariat and Transport Department, for one year.

A POINT OF PRECEDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Will you or any of your readers inform me through the columns of your widely-circulated paper whether a retired gazetted officer, who, when actually in the service was entitled at a public durbar to a seat equal in footing to that of Assistant Superintendent of Police, is not entitled to the same honour after his retiring from service. It is a matter worthy of consideration for the Commissioner, of the Presidency, to name the cards of invitation to the durbar to witness the presentation of a Sanad to Khan Bahadur Jehangir Pestonji Vakil conferred upon him by his Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, on the 8th instant, were left out. The writer would be pleased to inquire whether seats were arranged on any principle by those officials to whom the work had been entrusted, and to enquire whether it was through ignorance of such other a position, short-sightedness, or want of experience or caprice that such men were, herded together with clerks, lower order of school-masters, and such other pensioners, while superintendents of post offices, head schoolmasters and men outside the pale of British service were put in prominent places—not to say of subedars and jamadars of Native Infantry, who had to stand at attention before the retired officer, being put in front line.—Yours, &c.,

A RETIRED GAZETTED OFFICER.

THE TOLLYGANJ CLUB.

CALCUTTA'S NEW GOLF COURSE.

The work of turning a jungle into a park is usually a easy task, but with energetic gentlemen on the native executive the difficulties which at one time appeared insurmountable have been overcome, and the grounds are now in very good order. We understand that the formal opening of the grounds will take place shortly; meantime, however, we learn that an interesting foursome and other matches to test the golf course have already been played, and only one opinion has been expressed, that it will be very hard indeed to surpass it anywhere. The difficulties to be overcome are great, and every hole is full of interest. The doob grass greens are already in very good order, and the soil, being of a sandy nature, makes play most enjoyable. A good deal of work has still to be done, and some further additions in the shape of bunkers have still to be thrown up, but we have to congratulate the members on possessing one of the most sporting courses in India or out of it.

The race-courses are almost complete, and the croquet ground, bowling green, tennis courts, and cricket pitch have been laid with doob grass and will be ready, we understand, for the programme fixed for the 17th and 18th instant (holidays), viz. clay pigeon shooting' life shooting, croquet and Bunderpuppy meeting. The Club has a grand future before it, and we wish it all success. The Horse and Dog Show which is to be held on the grounds of the Club on the 23rd December next promises to be a great success.—*Englishman*

THE RIOTS AT BENARES.

It appears that the police were entirely unprepared The armed guard had just taken off their arms and accoutrements, and only the civil sentry was at the gate, and he was knocked down and nearly killed before the armed guard had time to rush out. Nothing fresh has emerged, though the magisterial inquiry continues. The shop-keepers are afraid to open the shops in Dalkimandi Lane and the Chouk.

[ANOTHER ACCOUNT.]

On Sunday evening between seven and half-past the Kotwali was attacked by a large body of sepoys of the 8th B.I., numbering about 80—armed with *lathis*. They had entered the city with that object. The attack was only repulsed by firing. The rioters retreated the way they came, leaving three wounded sepoys behind, one of whom has since died. Seventeen other prove to have been wounded, mostly by buckshot wounds in the legs.

Ten rioters picked many shops in their progress and injured with *lathis* a large number of persons, policemen, shop-keepers and others, many of whom are seriously hurt—some dangerously. There was no immediate provocation for the attack, but apparently the sepoys were avenging a grievance they had—real or imaginary—against the city folks.

THOUGHTS ON THE RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP.

"In the present labouring state of finances of this country, it is highly proper,—for we consider propriety and safety as one and the same thing,—that of reducing all the salaries of all high offices of State. Former times are different from the present, and a different rule of conduct is called for. Public men cannot feel too sensibly the importance of retrenchment at this moment. We are no enemies to the true economy that ought to surround the Government or the throne. No man is more desirous than we are, which, in our conscience, we most sincerely believe to be the only form of Government consistent with the principles of liberty. But it is because we conceive that monarchy in danger that we recommend them to bear in mind that the best safeguard of the monarchy is the planting its roots firmly in the affections of the people, that instead of the hours of useless ornaments and gaudy trappings, in the present distressed state of the country, nothing is so becoming as for the highest classes to sympathise with the lowest; that nothing is so graceful as poverty in public honourable as men in high stations, with great opportunities of becoming wealthy, discharging their duties, and neglecting the means of amassing riches; and that the monarchy will be found more firmly planted on the affection of the people as a diminution of all useless splendour. The best means of checking discontent is to search the causes of it, and undertake their removal, whether these shall be found in the amount of taxes, the failing off of trade, the breach of ancient customs and privileges, or the number of soldiers and strangers in the land, and generally whatever tends to knot the discontented together in a common cause. It is right that we should give public feeling a free vent, and, above all things, it warns us not to "turn the humours back" and thereby cause the wounds to bleed inwards. To us it appears that the overthrow of an arbitrary Government is in itself a great good, and makes an excellent and a substantial first part in the banquet of liberty. The patriots of the Revolution recorded their reasons for banishing James II.; with a view of deterring future kings from the commission of similar enormities. Much they have done for their country; vast is the load of gratitude which we owe them, both the statesmen who brought about the Revolution, and the great but sometimes mistaken men, who first turned the torrent of arbitrary power and taught tyrants that resistance was a possible event, when it became a sacred duty. The empiric who pretends at once to eradicate every evil in the system, and the flatterer who believes that no change at all is wanting, are equally dangerous guides in State affairs, and that the one is as incapable of effecting a salutary reform as the other. The misrepresentation that comes from that part of the public press which, day by day, insults the distresses of the people; which treats them with contumelious indignity and with unbearable intolerance, which pours on them all the abuse that the malignity of man can devise, and in doing so displays all the asperity of office, without its dignity. These censures come from individuals who are much lower than those to whom they apply them; because low birth, seeking to exalt its if by cringing to those in power, is infinitely more mean and despicable than low birth coupled with honest industry. These low panders of the Government of the day,—these backbiters of the people,—these offenders against all decency when they speak of the great body of the nation, disseminate the grossest misrepresentations. —(From Mr. N. M. Lusgrana's Note Book.)

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY, NIGHT, OCTOBER 10.

10 p.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	80·5
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11.							
6 a.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	76·8
8 a.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	82·8
10 a.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	91·3
2 p.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	92·2
4 p.m.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It softens the gums, allay all pain; regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and Diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Vendors throughout the world. 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION AND BIMETALLISM.

The Hon. George Peel read a paper before the British Association on Sept. 9 on the rota, the subject being "The Gold Standard." He said he was not there to express the views of anyone except himself, and for that reason he had some hesitation in addressing so learned a body upon a grave question of public policy. But he presumed to plainly ask whether it would not be a foolish act to attempt to fix a price between silver and gold. Other nations, such as France and America, may excel us in many particulars, but it can scarcely be questioned that in regard to the conduct of public finance we have shown a sounder judgment than they. That characteristic we owe in some measure to Sir Robert Peel. Would the author of the resumption of cash payments and of the Bank Acts have recommended bimetallism? Not so. He called their attention to the letter of Mr. Gladstone (which he read), but without reference to that authority he prayed them to consider the matter for themselves. The interests of Imperial Britain are with gold, for we own an immense stock of gold, and produce it in Africa and Australia. To halve the purchasing power of gold in respect of silver would not be a very brilliant effort of financial wisdom. The question whether there is enough gold for the purpose of our currency was scarcely arguable for we were living in an age of gold. The First Lord of the Treasury, when questioned the other day, stated that a universal agreement would be one of enormous misfortune. If a mere conference ending in smoke would be a serious misfortune, how incomparably more serious would be the breakdown of this international agreement whereby the plans of bimetallists are to be fulfilled, supposing England came down into the trap laid with such admirable skill by the debtor and the foreigner. In a very extensive area in favour of bimetallism we were informed that overcrowding, anarchy, and robbery were due to the gold standard—(laughter),—and one of the leading Ministers now in office had exclaimed, in a beautiful and instructive passage—"Why, it is the question of bimetallism which lies at the very root of the whole Irish question." Those who opposed bimetallism were said to be no better than sweaters, and appeared to rank very unfavourably with Shylock. By the plain test of facts and figures all this was pure imagination. Whether rich or poor are concerned, Britain shows no sign of decline, and the facts as to the alleged difficulties of exchange have been enormously exaggerated. It is said that the cheap prices asked here by the silver-using countries are a misfortune to customers, but from a calculation in the "Economist" even this theory is disproved. Bimetallists also point to the depression of agriculture, and trace that phenomenon to the cheap wheat poured in upon us by silver-using countries. But, unfortunately for these arguments, it is Russia and Argentina which do this, and it is only a very small proportion of the wheat brought to us comes from silver-using countries. Thus, last year India sent 5,000,000 cwt. of wheat, but Russia sent us 17,000,000 cwt. and Argentina 13,000,000 cwt. He would not be far wrong in asserting that the vast mass of imported agricultural products come from gold-using or paper-using countries? How, then, would the adoption of bimetallism benefit agriculture. The evils attributed to the gold standard were imaginary, and the remedies proposed dangerous. In the name of prudence, would they commit the currency to the manipulation of a syndicate of foreign Powers; and in the name of foresight, would they bind themselves in an international agreement whose failure was as certain as the end at which it aims was impossible?

In the discussion which followed Barclay (Manchester) regretted that Mr. Peel had sneered at international agreements and had adopted a tone scarcely worthy of the subject. Bimetallists had to endure many sneers and insults, but as a matter of fact Sir Robert Peel never really grasped this question. Its importance was not really felt in his time.—Professors Edgeworth deprecated the slighting way in which Mr. Peel had spoken of fluctuations. There was really a need for compensating these. His own particular fad he received from the late Professor Marshall, who for bimetallism's purpose to substitute "tron" bimetallism, the essence of which was that the standard should not be "gold or silver," but "gold and silver." He was in favour of waiting and conferring.—Other speakers were Mr. J. Macfarlane Gray and Mr. Palgrave.—Mr. F. J.

Faraday (Manchester) pointed out that the fact that the cost of production is often lowered (as in the case of the Lancashire cotton industry, with the help of the scientific man and the inventor, as a necessity for the continuance of an industry when prices have fallen, was a confirmation of Dr. Smart's conclusion that the fall of prices was not caused by a lowering of the cost of production, the lowering of the cost being, on the contrary, an enforced consequence of the fall. With regard to Mr. Gladstone's letter, he remarked that the reading by the latter statesman of an opinion of no authority, he said, was a new departure in the scientific discussions of the Association. The history of science was the history of the overthrow of authorities. He exhibited one of the new British silver dollars for circulation in the East as an object-lesson on the effect of falling exchange in promoting Eastern and Argentine competition with British manufacturing and industry. The coin was identically the same as a British five-shilling piece, but it is supplied to the East at about 2s. 2d. for the payment of wages, rents, and other elements in the cost of production there, while the English manufacturer and farmer is charged 5s. for it as the means of paying similar costs.

Mr. R. S. Sandry, at the afternoon session, read a paper on "The means to English industry from the competition of silver-using countries." Although England has had a single gold standard since 1816, all other countries continued to use either silver alone or both metals linked together as full legal-tender money till 1873. Down to that year, therefore, gold and silver served equally as international money. The demonetisation of silver, which began with Germany's adoption of a gold standard, has entailed, a gradually increasing divergence in the relative value of the two metals But though silver may appear in Europe to have shared the general fall, the position is different if we turn to the East. The standard there is silver, and its purchasing power over commodities has remained approximately stable. In an Indian or Chinaman's mind 3 sapwees his silver money represent a then-and-now value that it did twenty years ago. The English farmer who wants a sovereign has to give two sacks of wheat were one used to suffice; but the Indian ryot who wants a rupee has to give no more of his produce than before, and his rupee will buy in turn as many of the necessities of life as it would a generation ago. The effect has been to encourage the importation of foreign produce into England, and to render it increasingly difficult the exportation of English industrial products to the East. The Lancashire manufacturer who wishes to sell his goods in Asia is confronted by the converse difficulty. As the Chinaman's dollar represents to him unchanged value, he is not disposed to give more silver for his yarn or cloth than before. But whereas the dollar used to be worth 4s., it is now worth only 2s. 1d., so that the English manufacturer who used to get, say, 10s., now gets 5s. 3d. The effect has naturally been to check trade.

THE RACE FOR THE NORTH POLE.

EXCITING NEWS.

The international "Race for the Pole" promises to take the place of the struggle for yachting superiority in engaging the attention of the peoples dwelling by the shores of the North Atlantic. There are three leading entries for the honour of wining this greatest of the remnant prizes of discovery; and the competitors are representatives of three Northern nations that have each a peculiar interest in penetrating the Secret of the Pole, and that have taken a prominent part in recent Arctic exploration. The points of departure and plans of attack, as well as the nationality, are diverse in each case. Here is a curious coincidence, supports relating, or seeming to relate, to the two European expeditions to the North Pole have come in almost simultaneously. Dr. Nansen's expedition had the start of those under the British and American explorers; and it was the first piece of news that has come to Sandefjord from the East Coast of Greenland, the brave Norwegian appears not unlikely to come in no easy winner. It is to that effect that he (Nansen) has brought word to the Danish trading station of Angmagssalik, in East Greenland, that on two occasions towards the end of July they had seen "a three-masted ship with short foremast" embedded in the drift ice. The description agrees with that of the Fram, and it is believed to be Dr. Nansen's vessel on her homeward voyage. The second time the Eskimo sighted her she was in about 65 degs. 20 mins. north latitude and 38 degs. west longitude. This is in the latitude of Northern Iceland, and well into the bight of the opposite Greenland coast, along which the pack ice crushes on its way towards the open Atlantic. From her change of position between the two dates of observation, she must be drifting helplessly in a south-westerly direction with the body of the pack. If this indeed be the Fram, however, no great anxiety need be felt on this account. She was built purposely for entering the ice and moving wherever the currents and winds might carry it. It is probable that she may drift a considerable way to the south of Cape Farewell before making her escape from the pack; it is even possible that she may make her exit and first landfall on the western side of Greenland, along which a branch of the cold Polar current that washes the eastern coast finds it way. In any case, it should not be long before we hear of the explorers; they may even be with us any day—if this be the Fram.

DR. NANSEN'S PLAN.

On this point we must, in the meantime, be content to remain in doubt. Dr. Nansen sailed on his adventurous voyage with his twelve companions towards the end of June 1893. Some weeks later he was heard of as entering and crossing in safety the Kara Sea. For months then until now no whisper of his fortunes or his whereabouts has come out of the Arctic. It is believed that having by sail and steam got as far to the eastward as Cape Chelyuskin, or perhaps the New Siberian Islands, he would steer poleward and entrust his fate to the ice. His belief, on which the whole scheme of the voyage was founded, was that he would be aided in reaching a high latitude by the currents of fresh water issuing from the great Siberian rivers, and that having drifted by this means well into the centre of the shallow basin surrounding the Pole, he would have an excellent chance of finding his way out again by the cold current that flows down the eastern side of Greenland. He supported his plan by reference to the evidence of driftwood and other flotsam from the Siberian rivers and even from the coasts of the Behring Sea, and that having entered the Atlantic, and especially the wreckage of the Jeanette, abandoned to the east of the New Siberian Islands and picked up years afterwards on the shores of Davis Straits.

IF THIS BE THE FRAM!

If this be indeed Nansen who has been sighted near the scene of his old adventures with the East Greenland pack, he has a double triumph to record. Of course over the forces of nature, and the other over the doubters and fault-finders of science. He has not reckoned in vain with his Polar cu[illegible] He is making his way out by the very [illegible] expected to take, and about the time he had [illegible] likely to have been so accommodating as to carry [illegible] intruders across the earth's apex, even if it happened to be sea instead of solid land. But, after two years' voyaging in the embrace of the pack, there will be a story worth the telling—if only this be the Fram that has drifted within ken of civilisation,

"THE RANSOM OF ROME."

TEMPORALITIES FOR THE POPE.

The *Daily Telegraph* publishes a proposal that "a tract of Italian territory and a free Roman seaport should be made over as inalienable temporalities to the Holy See, under the guarantee of Italy and the other Powers, in consideration of £200,000,000, which would redeem the Italian Exchequer from impending bankruptcy and ransom Papal Rome and her new possessions." This proposal, says the *Telegraph*, reaches it from abroad "through a source amply guaranteeing its serious inspiration and practical purpose."

The writer says:—"Twenty-five years have passed since the enthronement of the House of Savoy in the Palace of the Quirinal after the bombardment of Rome and the breach of Porta Pia. The Italian Government has determined to make the twenty-fifth anniversary as brilliant a festival as possible and has induced the Legislature to raise this festival to the rank of a civil holiday." But it would seem in spite of this that the unification of Italy is still far from its perfect accomplishment. Its people are divided into two camps, thoroughly hostile to each other. In every remote village and commune, and in most of the municipalities, the majority of this national holiday to celebrate the overthrow of the Papacy is encountering opposition. The Liberal press is bearing ample witness to the general revival of Catholic life and activity, and there can be no doubt that the Catholic party in Italy, so far from being weaker, less numerous, and less active than it was twenty-five years ago, is gathering strength and courage year by year. This is attributable not only to the training and practice which have consolidated the Catholic party and given it an opportunity to feel its strength, but to circumstances altogether disconnected with the Pope and his followers. The ruinous expenditure insisted upon in order that Italy might form part of the Triple Alliance, the consequent crushing of the population under an extraordinary burden of taxation, the impoverishment of the landowner and the upper classes, the confiscation of the smaller holdings on account of inability to meet the taxes and financial imposts, the disappointment of the middle and commercial classes, which had looked upon the unification of Italy as a guarantee for a more successful and extended commerce with enhanced profits, the misery of the working classes which have been unwilling to fly as a country, or have been quietly sinking into starvation, disease and death—all these are circumstances which have been fighting for the Pope and the Catholic paty. The *impasse* becomes more and more difficult and hopeless. The kingdom cannot afford to declare itself bankrupt and to compound with its creditors; and, on the other hand, the taxation can scarcely be increased to meet the growing deficiencies. The problem is to find a solution and a remedy. There are not wanting well-wishers of the kingdom of Italy and of the Papacy who profess to see in the present deadlock the elements of a final solution of this complicated question so thorough and complete as, if rightly used, to promise a new point of happy departure in the history of the peninsula. The kingdom stifled under the double incubus of her financial difficulties and the ever-threatening Roman question. Rome demands certain temporal guarantees as essential to the life and action of her unique religious institution, whose influence and authority are recognised from Berlin to Washington, from Lisbon to Japan, and to Egypt. What if a scheme could be devised by means of which each should supply to the other what is lacking? Such a hypothesis may at first sight appear extravagant and impossible. As a matter of fact it is under serious consideration. Nothing less is proposed than that the Catholic countries and peoples of the world should combine to reason Rome. To those familiar with the organisation and working of the Roman Catholic community, and with the intensity of the desire which animates the Catholic Church to secure the perfect independence of its spiritual head, it would not be difficult to believe that, the scheme once set on foot, a large sum of money may be collected and placed in the hands of Leo XIII. The Pontiff, with £200,000,000 at his disposal, would have it in his power to deal with the distracted and bankrupt Government of the Italian King more effectively than at present. It would rest with the Pope to meet the Government with proposals that might save the Italian Kingdom, reinstate its exchequer, restore peace, unity, and prosperity to Italy. And if it should turn out that, by some singular obliquity of mental vision, the Italian Government should fail to come to fair and honourable terms with the Pontiff, the latter might feel justified in withdrawing from Rome and establishing himself for a period elsewhere, in a position of vantage other than the Vatican, while retaining the whole Catholic world in Rome at the same time that immense sum which is annually brought by the Catholics of the world to the Eternal City and is there expended." The writer declares, in conclusion, his belief that Leo XIII. and Signor Crispi are statesmen enough to bring about a solution of the question.

MANCHESTER M. P.'S AND THE INDIAN COTTON DUTIES.

The corner-stone of a new Conservative Club at Norden, near Rochdale, was laid the other day by Mrs. R. A. L. Hutchinson, in the presence of a considerable concourse of spectators. Mr. George Kemp, M. P. for the Heywood division, presided, and in opening the proceedings said he was glad to return among his constituents. When he went away from the division the country seemed to be suffering from a severe attack of election fever. He was afraid that sometimes political clubs were used solely for recreative purposes, the original purpose for which they were built being lost sight of. He trusted that such would not be the case so far as the new club in Norden was concerned. Concluding a very brief speech Mr. Kemp said that in future the sons and grandchildren of those present would be able to look back to the club was built just after the Unionist party was returned to power with such a tremendous majority.—(Cheers.)—Mr. James Lomax presented Mrs. Hutchinson with a handsome trowel and mallet, and the corner-stone was laid amidst much cheering.—Mr. Kemp moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Hutchinson.—A gentleman in the crowd seconded the resolution, which was supported by Colonel Rowe, M.P. for Rochdale, who said he thought he had recently heard sufficient political speeches in that district to satisfy them for a few years. He wished every prosperity to the club, and congratulated the people of Norden upon having a friend to Parliament a gentleman who would thoroughly represent their interests.—(Cheers.) He was glad to see they were making preparations to return Mr. Kemp again when the time came. Mr. Sonpe, the defeated candidate for the Heywood division, at the late election, had plenty of pluck, and would, no doubt, at some future time try to wrest the seat from Mr. Kemp. But he thought the Conservative and Unionist workers were determined the seat should not again be occupied by a Liberal. The new club could be beneficially used in the interests of the Unionist party; he hoped it would be so used, and not abused, and that every effort would be made to make it the centre of a thorough political education.—(Cheers.) He advised his hearers to read both the newspapers which were favourable to their political views and those which were opposed to the opinions they held. It was a feature of the Liberal party to misrepresent the Conservative party. They had misrepresented them in the past and were doing the same thing at the present time. Liberals were fascinating Unionists with having made all kinds of promises which they said they would fulfil if they were returned to power, including the repeal of the Indian import duties on cotton. It was now charged against them that they had not done what they undertook to accomplish. The question of the cotton duties was very important. It was debated fully at the last election, but the Unionists never said if they were returned to power they would immediately abolish those duties. To say they did was a downright misrepresentation. All that Unionists said was that the import duties on cotton were a great injustice, and had done a great deal of harm to the cotton industry, particularly Lancashire. They certainly promised to endeavour to provide a remedy for this state of things, but this was very different from saying they would abolish the duties. (Hear, hear.) That had the effect of placing in antagonism the Bombay and Lancashire spinners and manufacturers. The position of affairs was very serious, and would have to be handled in a delicate manner. He thought they did not believe the charges which had been made against the Lancashire manufacturers to not having done their duty. They had done all that was necessary in bringing pressure to bear upon the Government, and Mr. Whiteley went as far as to tell the Government that unless they gave satisfaction on this matter the Unionist members would vote against them. They could not do more than go against their own party if they did not receive the satisfaction which was so much needed.—The resolution was carried with acclamation.—Mr. R. A. L. Hutchinson briefly responded on behalf of his wife, and moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Kemp for presiding.—Mr. Alderman Mark (Manchester), in seconding, said the principles of the Conservative party were such as were essential to the maintenance of the Constitution of the country. Mr. Kemp would loyally support one of the strongest Governments that ever existed in this country.—The motion was passed, and in responding Mr. Kemp said he should always remember the support given to his candidature by the electors in Norden. With regard to the cotton duties, the Government had received a most able statement on the subject, and this had been forwarded to the authorities in India. It would be absurd to ask the Government to give Parliament a pledge as to what they intended to do in respect to those duties until some answer had been received to the document sent to India. Recently Lord George Hamilton promised to do all in his power to safeguard the interests of the people in Lancashire, and that he would do his best to do away with any protective element in those duties. The Lancashire members had brought the subject before the notice of members representing other counties, and had shown them how unjust were those duties to Lancashire.—Cheers.)

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

OCTOBER 11.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turker, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Direct Cable, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted. Via Bhamo, interrupted.

Africa.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe, interrupted. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Line Saigon Bangkok interrupted.

Cable Cadiz Teneriffe interrupted. Telegrams for Senegal and Canaries can be sent Via Lisbon St. Vincent, pag s 61 and 70 of the Indian Telegraph Guide.

Mails for Teneriffe leave Cadiz 3rd, 18th, and 30th of each month.

Bhamo route to China interrupted within the British frontier and also in or near Tengyueh.

Amoor route interrupted near Khabarowka.

Moulmein route to Siam interrupted beyond the Indian frontier.

Mole Maranhan Para interrupted.

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THE MORALITY OF NATIVE RACES.

SOME INTERESTING OPINIONS.

The great event of one meeting of the British Association was a discussion in the Anthropological Section on the relation of our civilisation to that of other races. Professor Flinders Petrie, the president of the section, presided, and in opening the discussion carefully mapped out the lines upon which he wished the speaking to proceed. Coming more particularly to the discussion of the day, Professor Flinders Petrie said—In what I have already said in my opening address, I expressly summed up this question of our non-interference as resulting in the conclusion that we should encourage a healthy growth of all that is worthy and good in the existing systems to begin with. I know that the toleration of anything outside of their own shibboleth is hateful to some people, but I make bold to agree with Paul of Tarsus that in every nation there are men who seek after righteousness; that elements of good exist in all races; and that our duty is to select and encourage desirable elements, but never to impose any ideals which are peculiar to our own race, age, or civilisation. I know that it is often said that only by classing away all that is associated with error can we begin to lay out a plan according to our notions. In this, again, I prefer to differ along with that gentleman of Tarsus who preached the non-interference with any customs, even with idol offerings, provided that it did not touch the real belief of the man in the sight of those around him. That same eminently practical authority did not see it needful, any more than that prince of commonsense Epictetus, to populate statory, or even to found any hospital shows. An appeal to the existing conscience of mankind—a clear statement of practical moral principles, and leaving the application of them to the rational growth of the conscience—is thus laid down for us as a precedent in the greatest re-adjustment of the moral sense that the world has ever seen. Such a precedent is good because it has proved successful, and such may well be our guide in dealing with native custom-, with rules of conduct, and with the details of dress and of habits. Let changes flow from reflection and conviction, and then you have reformed a man and not manufactured an automaton. The classes who come in contact with other races are five—the traveller, the religious teacher, the trader, the official, and the settler. Every one of these classes may do great good or great harm. To every class there are both judicious and injudicious men. We are not here to-day to consider the special action of any one of those classes, but only to discuss the general principles on which their conduct and toleration should rest, and some of these classes command our respect for their motives, however we may not admire in all cases their judgment. With the details of the work of each division we have nothing to do. I could quote most pointed illustrations of folly from the deeds of every one of these classes, and, therefore, we should not consider them separately, but rather the methods which are common to all of them. Whether it be the Governor, or any one below him, who imposes an absurd dress or prohibits a harmless custom, the action and not the actor is what we are now about to consider. And before appeal to those who may now speak to strictly moral questions, and to treat the various details of life on their own merits, regardless of the prejudices which belong to us.

In the absence of Lord Stanmore (better known as Sir Arthur Gordon) the president read a paper by this nobleman on the question before the section, in which he pointed out and commented on different methods in which races had been dealt with. The doctrine that the superior race might rightfully oppress and utilise for its own benefit was a subject which had been in former days very general, and was at the present day far more widely spread than it ought to be, or was, perhaps, commonly suspected. The moral sense of a semi-civilised race was often very unlike our own, but it was not on that account the less real, and it would be a great mistake to suppose that it did not exercise a most powerful influence upon thought and action. If moral considerations, said Lord Stanmore, be left out of sight, he was by no means sure that the plan adopted by the Russians in Central Asia was not in the long run the best so far as the interest of both races were concerned. That plan consisted in striking, in the first instance, a crushing, or even a cruel, blow, and then afterwards of conducting the administration almost wholly through native agency. The recollection of the severity employed inspired a fear and respect which did not wear off until the habit of loyal service had been established and the good-will and self-interest of the leaders of the native race had been reconciled by the enjoyment of power. Of course such customs as infanticide and raiding must be put an end to; but it would be well to permit the continuance of many customs repugnant and even criminal to our notions. Polygamy, he thought, should not be legally forbidden, nor cast distinctions nor the marks of difference towards those of higher rank, though not recognised by law. Time would do its own work in such matters, and to it alone he would trust for alterations where alterations were desirable.

Professor Haddon followed next and gave his experiences of the natives of New Guinea. Civilisation, he said, did not consist in railways, telegraphs, and representative government, nor in these characteristic British exports—beer and Bibles—

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Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The new Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C., 27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 5) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 5317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 13537, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,

(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

REGISTERED DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WEAKNESS, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite Increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

MARCKS & Co.'s (Ld.)

FINEST ELECTRO-PLATE,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

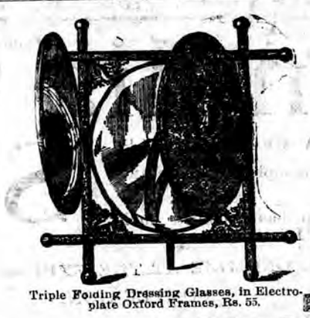
Call-bell, heavy Base, Electro-plate, Rs. 60.

Tea Set, Cream Jug and Sugar Basin, Ebony Handle, Rs. 60.

Claret Jug, Cut-glass Electro-plated mounts, Rs. 22.

Crumb Tray, with Brush, in Electro-plate, Rs. 22.

Oblong Waiter, Porcelain Base, with Electro-plate mounts, Rs. 66.



Triple Folding Dressing Glasses, in Electro-plate Oxford Frames, Rs. 55.

Crumb Tray, with Brush, in Electro-plate, Rs. 28.

Liquor Frame, Electro-plated mount, with Lock, Cut-glass Bottles, Rs. 95.

Field Bottle and 2 Glasses, in best Electro-plate, Rs. 35. Leather Sling case, Rs. 12.

Tea Set, Pot, Cream Jug, and Sugar Basin, Ebony Handle, Rs. 55.

Crumb Tray and Brush, Electro-plate, Rs. 26.

Egg Frame, 4 Cups and 4 Spoons, Gilt inside, Rs. 18.

Egg Frame, 4 cups and Spoons, Salt and Pepper, Gilt inside, Rs. 45.

Biscuit Box, polished Electo-plate, Rs. 18-8.

Wine Jug (2 pints) frost-d Electro-plate Top, Rs. 12.

Oval Oak Waiter, 19in., mounted, Electro-plate, Rs. 85.

Schweitzer's COCOATINA

The Best and Purest COCOA

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER *of every Bottle of the*

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

SAUCE.

Agents: GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co., and Messrs. BISSONAUTH LAW & Co., Calcutta.

MAINTAINS THE HIGHEST REPUTATION.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. A.D. 1629. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	Has maintained its reputation for over Sixty Years as the most reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	For Torpid Liver, Debility, Attenuation of Body, Lassitude.
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	For Chronic Rheumatism, Obstinate Skin Diseases and Eruptions.

A LITTLE TAKEN DAILY IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF ILLNESS.

INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

CAUTION. Beware of Worthless and Injurious Imitations. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."—*The Late Lord Clyde.*

"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other medicines had failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

Ask for WILKINSON'S Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, and take no other.

Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers in Small, Medium, and Large Bottles.

Bombay:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 20, 1875.

Messrs. R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiries as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, we best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

Yours obediently,

W. GRIFFITH SMITH, Secretary.

CAUTION.—In order to the knowledge of the owners of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Label are branded with Their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whisky Merchants, London.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.

HAREWOOD, Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION 1/1 1/2
FOR SPRAINS
RHEUMATISM. LUMBAGO. BRUISES. CHEST COLDS.
IT I WILL HAVE OR I WILL HAVE NONE.
Prepared only BY ELLIMAN SONS & Co SLOUGH ENGLAND

LUNGILI,

THE NEW DRUG FOR

DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY

Testimonial from Mr. C. A. MOREING, M.Inst.C.E., Broad Street House, London, E.C.

"GENTLEMEN,—I have much pleasure in telling you that I have taken the Lungili you so kindly sent me, and I appears to have completely cured me. I have been suffering four years from dysentery, the result of malarial fever caught in Africa, and no doctors were able to do me any permanent good by the ordinary remedies

Yours truly, C. ALGERNON MOREING."

Price 4s. 6d. per oz., from the Importers.

THE LUNGILI CO., 35, Ludgate Hill BIRMINGHAM.

"A CHARMING SCENT."

H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

ATKINSON'S WHITE ROSE.

"The Sweetest of Sweet Odours."

Delightfully and delicately fragrant.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

ATKINSON'S IS THE ONLY GENUINE.

Perfume, Toilet Powder, Soap, Tooth Powder, Sachets, & all other specialities with this "charming" odour, of all Dealers throughout the World & of the Manufacturers—

J. & F. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

DELICIOUS NEW PERFUME.

THE CROWN PERFUMERY Co's

APPLE BLOSSOMS

and the celebrated

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS

Sold Everywhere. Reject Counterfeits.

TILES TILES TILES TILES TILES

PAVEMENTS IN PLAIN AND MOSAIC TILES FOR THE FLOORING OF CHURCHES, HOUSES, STORES, SIDEWALKS, BARRACKS, etc.

G. FIÉVÉ & CO., GHENT (Belgium).

ALBUM containing 150 DESIGNS, with Notice and Conditions for Export, on Application.

APPLY TO GOOLAM ALI GOOLAM HOOSEN, Esq., and F. FISCH E & Co., BOMBAY.

Agent or M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound and pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

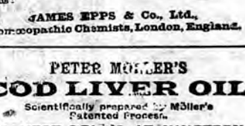
JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

PETER MOLLER'S

COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

HIGHEST PRIZES AT NINETEEN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.



The only oil free from Hydrocyanic acids abound in emulsions and solutions, and consequently from unpleasant fever, "aftertaste" and "eructation," and yet a most powerful anti-rheumatic remedy.

Guaranteed Pure and Genuine.

ALEXANDRE'S ORGANS

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HARMONIUMS for Churches, Drawing Rooms, Schools, &c.

From £4 upwards.

Illustrated Catalogues sent free on Demand.

Apply to Messrs. V. K. SHROFF and Co., BOMBAY.

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LADIES! Save all intermediary profits by purchasing your

KNITTING, EMBROIDERY, FANCY WOOLS AND SILKS.

THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING CO., Bradford, Yorks, Eng.

Guarantee the full weight of 16-oz. to the lb. Their Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye.

AT FIRST COST, DIRECT from the SPINNERS.

Prices and Samples Post Free.

Mention this Paper.

GOLD & Co's.

BIRMINGHAM ENGLAND

WROUGHT IRON HINGES

ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET

Indentors can obtain Estimates through all respectable British Merchants

NOTICES.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE

CORDIAL.

Purifies the Blood.

DELICIOUS, WHOLESOME & REFRESHING

AGENTS: HORMUJEE & SONS, BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.

TO LADIES

all most beautiful women use

CREME SIMON

Madame Adelina PATTI says "I have found it very good indeed."

For all irritations of the skin it is unequalled. Chaps, Roughness, Sunburn, Roughness, etc. disappear as if by magic.

J. SIMON

13, R. Grange-Batelière, Paris

Mertens, 64, Holborn Viaduct, London (E.C.)

Chemists, Druggists, Stores, Perfumers

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT

PURELY VEGETABLE, Perfectly Harmless! Will reduce from two to five pounds per week; acts on the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into Fat. Sold by Chemists. Send stamp for pamphlet.

Botanic Medicine Co., 3, New Oxford-street, London, W.C.

Train your Moustache in the way it should go.

CARTER'S THRIXALINE is a unique transparent fluid for training and fixing the moustaches of "all sorts and conditions of men" into any position. For this purpose it surpasses every preparation that has ever been introduced.

Prepared only by

JOHN CARTER, Hairdresser, &c.

AT THE Old Palace of Henry the Eighth 17, Fleet St., London.

Post Free 4s. 6d. and 12s.

AGENTS Messrs. Wagle & Co., 8, Jambeli wady, Kalbadevi Road Bombay.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!

(OZOIC OXYGEN.)

Although the modern ateria Medica includes valuable remedies for hose afflictions, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is failing, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work wonders where all other will produce, and it possesses the advantage of not causing, when its use is relinquished, the slightest reaction or depression.

PRECAUTION & WARNING. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. BRIGHT'S.

THE ONLY RELIABLE PREPARATION OF PHOSPHORUS.

AND THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, kidney, stomach and intestines, with a harmony vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and at once imparts new energy and fire to the enfeebled constitution.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is patronised by Aristocracy and the Elite, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Mark. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to cash upon the Reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for Dr. BRIGHT'S and refuse Useless Substitutes.

DR. BRIGHT'S WORLD-RENOWNED PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in CASES at 6s. 6d. by all Medicine venders throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 18 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA: BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Kemp & Co.

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DR. N. H. GHEESTA, AMERICAN DENTIST,

CHICAGO DENTAL COLLEGE OF SURGERY.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

By means of the Gold-bridge System I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Serviceable and Durable.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA is now ready to perform all operations pertaining to Dentistry.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA has been in Dental practice for the last 23 years.

He has, in Practitioner's Class, practised Dentistry for a period in 1893, and obtained a Diploma for proficiency from the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, U.S.A.

NO. 65-67, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

S. & H. HARRIS

FOR Boots, Shoes, Harness, AND ALL Black Leather Articles.

Does not injure the Leather.

Requires no Brushing.

ASK FOR IT.

WATERPROOF.

HARNESS LIQUID Or Self-shining Jet. | JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.
Manufactory: LONDON, E.

EDWARDS'

HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use.

"HARLENE" PRODUCES LUXURIANT HAIR, PREVENTS ITS FALLING OFF AND TURNING GREY.

Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, etc., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any mercurial or other injurious ingredients. 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d. per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers all over the World.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" CO., 95, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

BILE-LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY ... BILE.

When ... the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overrate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED A SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY ENGRAINED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease.—"I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, which I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my system in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—(Signed) "A PROFESSIONAL Nurse.

"April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for a period of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the fever and thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life.

I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

PACTON & BORMAN'S SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,

In 1d Packets And 6d. 1s. 2s 6d Tins EVERYWHERE.

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

In Packets 1d & 2d, ONE TRIAL SOLICITED.

ALSO GENUINE EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.

"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLACK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &c.

172 SHOE ... LONDON.

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK

... and is guaranteed to contain all the ... original milk. In the process of manufacture nothing but water is removed, nothing but the best refined sugar added.

Avoid low-priced brands from which the cream has been abstracted, and ask for the "Milkmaid" Brand, the best for all purposes.

Largest Sale in the World.

HOMOCEA

INSTANTLY TOUCHES THE SPOT

Afflicted with Neuralgia, Lumbago, Paralysis, Convulsions, Bruises, Strained Muscles, Pains in Joints, Aches and Sprains, Eczema, Burns, Toothache, Faceache, Boils, Ulcers, Mosquito Bites, Scorpion Stings, and all kindred ills and complaints.

Only quite recently has this marvellous remedy been before the public. During this short time the marvellous cures that have been effected, and the shoals of important testimonials that have been received, have been absolutely unprecedented in the history of the world. Homocea forms a medicine chest in itself, and is absolutely invaluable in every household.

Homocea should be in every Cottage, Palace, Workshop, Barracks, Police-Station, Hospital, and Institution—and wherever a Pain-Relieving, Soothing, and Curative Lubricant is likely to be required. No discovery in the World of Healing Remedies has had such high testimony.

Indian Depot (Wholesale and Retail), 27/28—2nd Line Beach, MADRAS.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching. For Itching.

For Itching, Sunburn, Insect Bites, Rash &c.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICKS AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).

"G.B." FOR DIABETES. FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES WHISKY.

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT.

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

KOKO FOR THE HAIR

ENSURES MAGNIFICENT TRESSES.

Koko for the Hair is a tonic, cleansing, invigorating preparation, causes the hair to grow luxuriantly, keeps it soft and pliant, imparts to it the lustre and freshness of youth, eradicates dandruff, prevents hair from falling, is the most cleanly of all hair preparations, and is perfectly harmless. It is particularly cooling and refreshing, and specially adapted for a hot climate.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 54, Holborn Viaduct, London, January 15th, 1892.

I hereby certify that I have submitted to a careful examination and Chemical analysis a sample, purchased by myself from the stock of a well-known firm of Wholesale Druggists, of the preparation known as "Koko for the Hair." I have found nothing in this preparation which could be injurious either to the head or hair, and the results of the analysis lead me to pronounce "Koko for the Hair" a pleasant dressing, which would undoubtedly be advantageous in many cases. I discovered in the preparation no ingredients of the nature of a colouring matter or dye.

EDWY GODWIN CLAYTON, F.I.C., F.C.S., *Member of the Society of Public Analysts, &c.*

TESTIMONIALS.

Miss ELLEN TERRY, the great actress, says:—"I have used KOKO for one Hair for years, and can assure my friends that it stops the hair from falling off, promotes its growth, keeps the head cool and free from dandruff, and is the most pleasant dressing imaginable."

Has Done Much.—Mr. E. W. COOPER, 33, Bailey Street, Luton, Beds., writes—"In a few weeks your 'Koko' has done much to prove its own merits. No doubt by my recommendation you will receive further orders."

From "The Profession."—Mr. HENRY WEIRLAND, of Toole's Theatre, Strand, W.C., writes—"'Koko' will certainly arrest the falling off of the hair, strengthen and increase its growth. I have recommended it to many friends, and in every case it has given great satisfaction."

Thousands on File.—Every Extract printed we have, together with thousands of other unsolicited testimonials and duplicate orders, are on file in their original envelopes, just as they have been received from people all over the Kingdom.

MELLIN'S FOOD

Is not Farinaceous and is entirely free from Starch and Cane Sugar.

When added to diluted Cow's Milk it produces a complete and perfect diet, adapted for the strong as well as for the sickly babe. MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into A PERFECT FOOD FOR THE YOUNGEST INFANT.

Mellin's Food may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India. Samples and Directions for use printed in Native Languages, together with a pamphlet on the "Feeding and Care of Infants," can be had on application to the following Wholesale Agents in India:—

Bombay—LATHAM, ABERCROMBIE & Co. *Madras*—OAKES & Co. *Calcutta*—MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co. *Rangoon*—LATHAM BLACK & Co. *Karachi*—H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co.

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LIMITED, PECKHAM, LONDON, S.E.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

BENGER'S FOOD

For Infants & Invalids & The Aged

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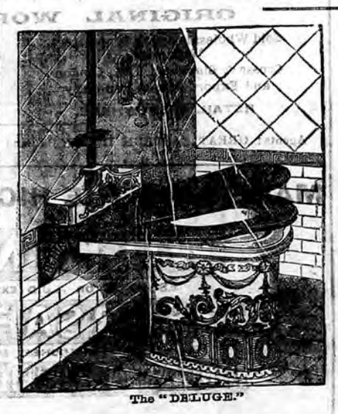

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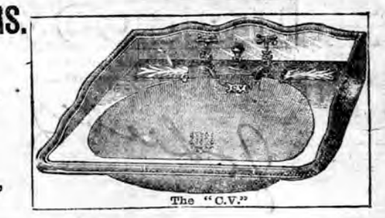

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